



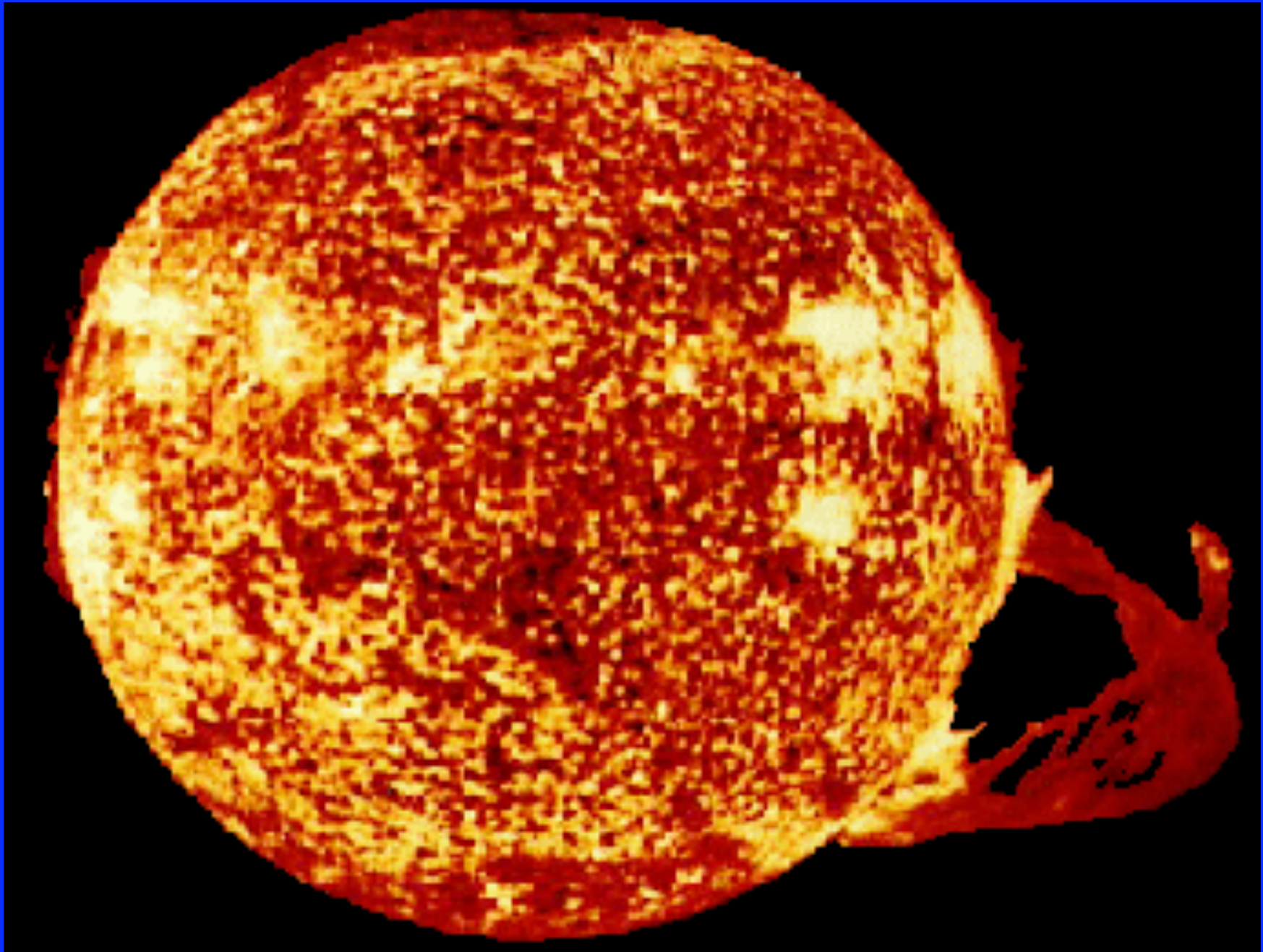
P.Galeotti





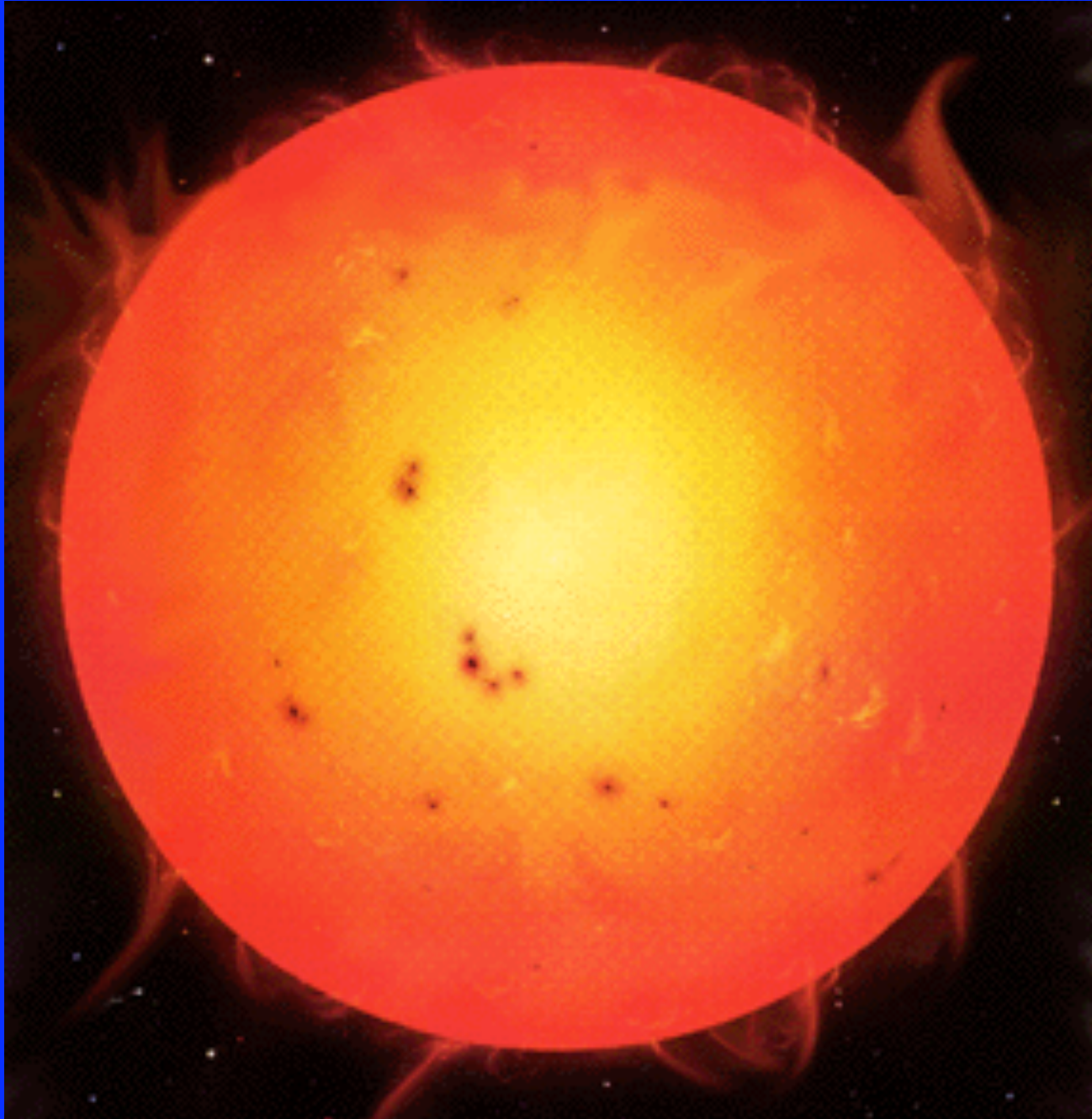






P.Galeotti

Arequipa 2008



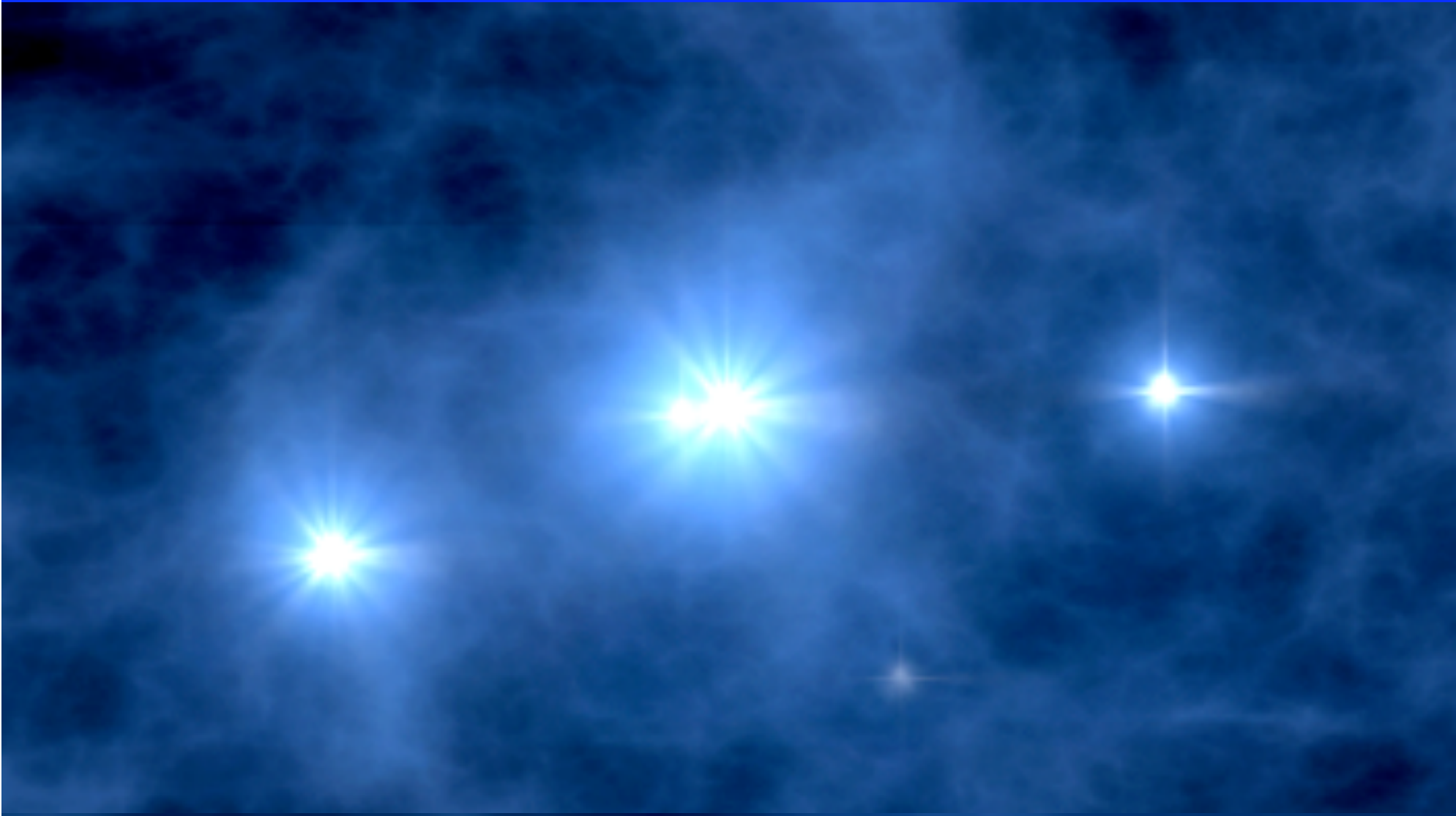
## *Il Sole*

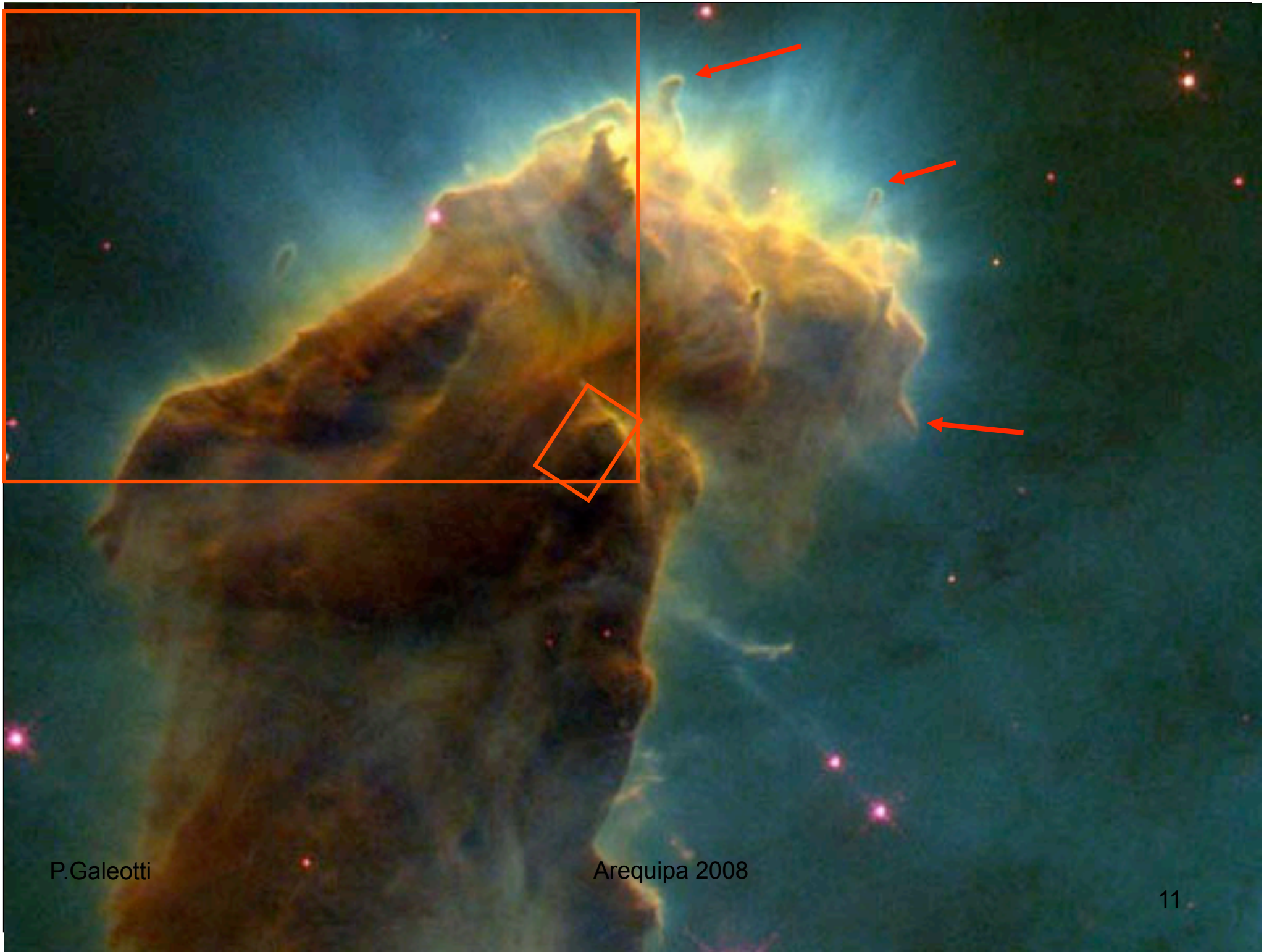
1.000 volte  
più grande  
di  
Giove

1.000.000  
di volte più  
grande  
della Terra



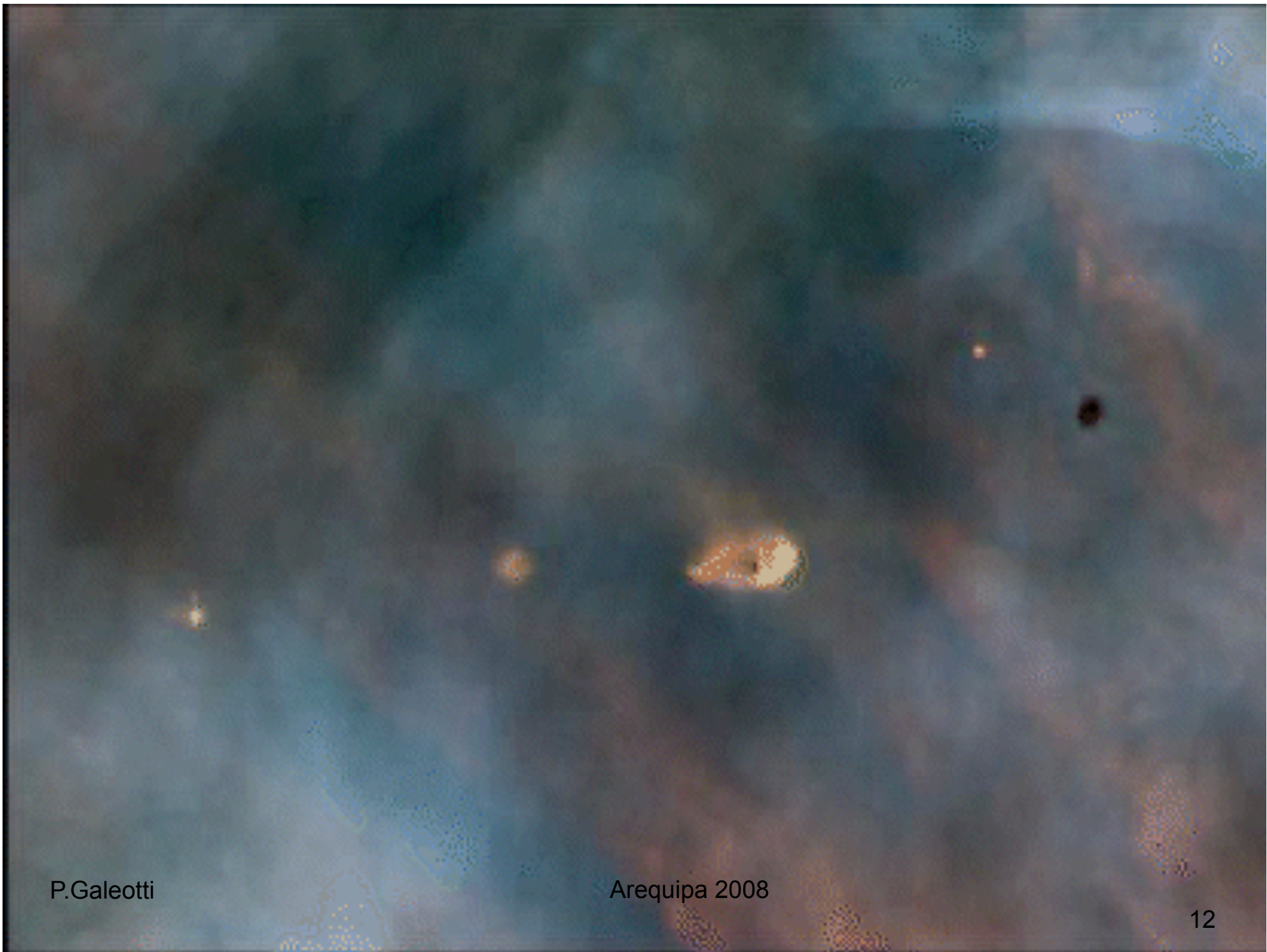






P.Galeotti

Arequipa 2008

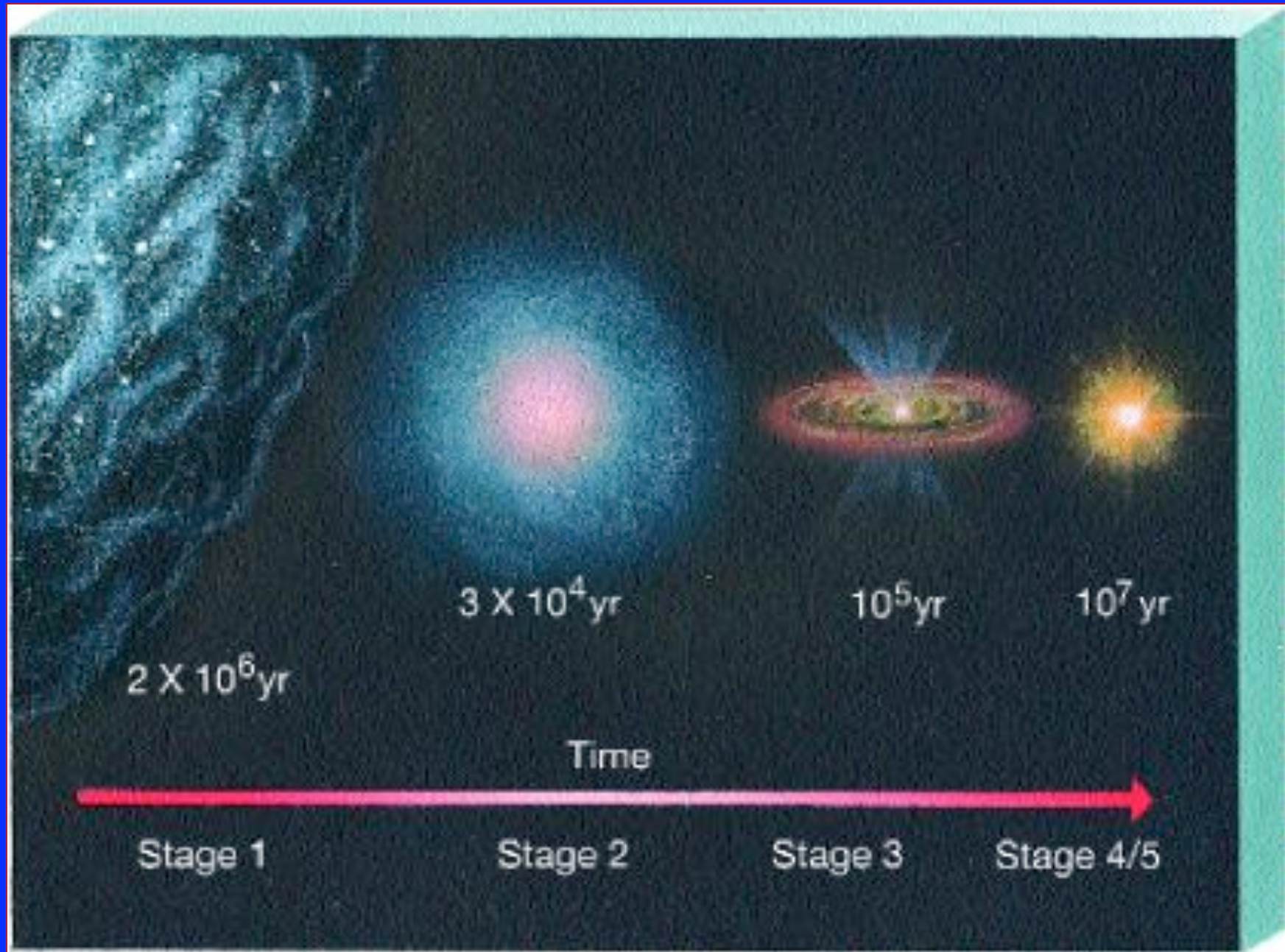


P.Galeotti

Arequipa 2008



# Le pleiadi



# 5 pianeti allineati

Mercurio

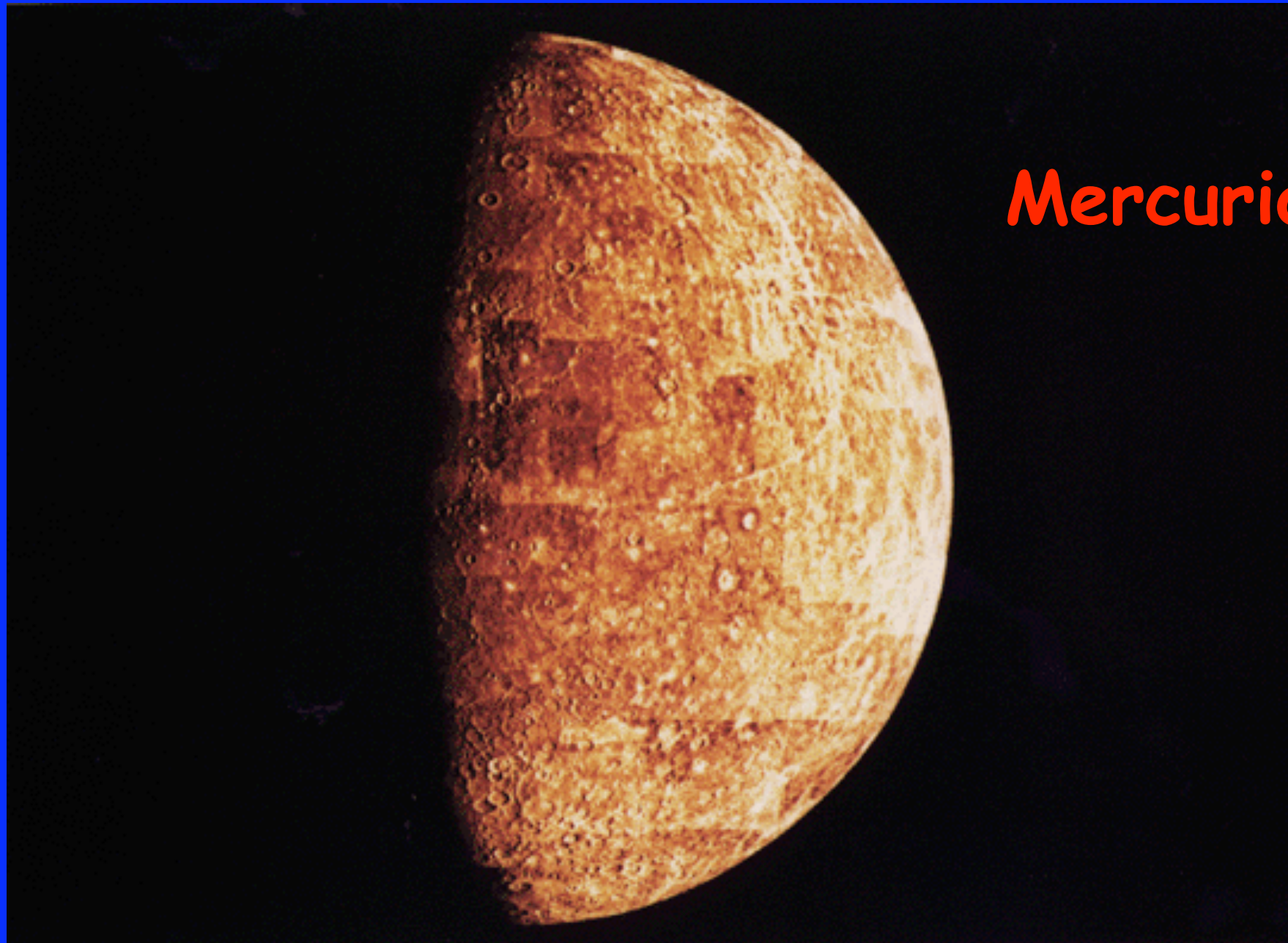
Venere

Marte

Giove

Saturno



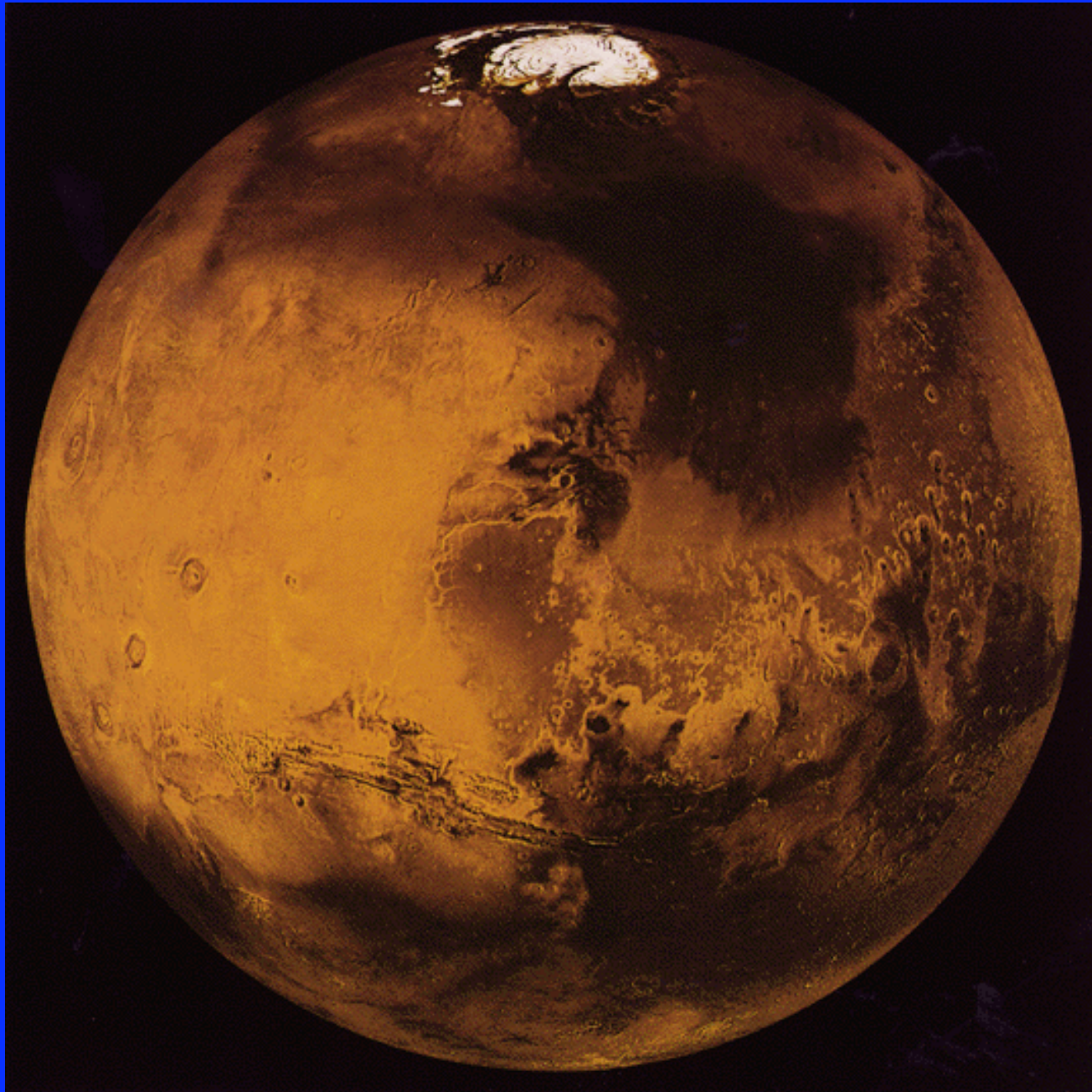


Mercurio

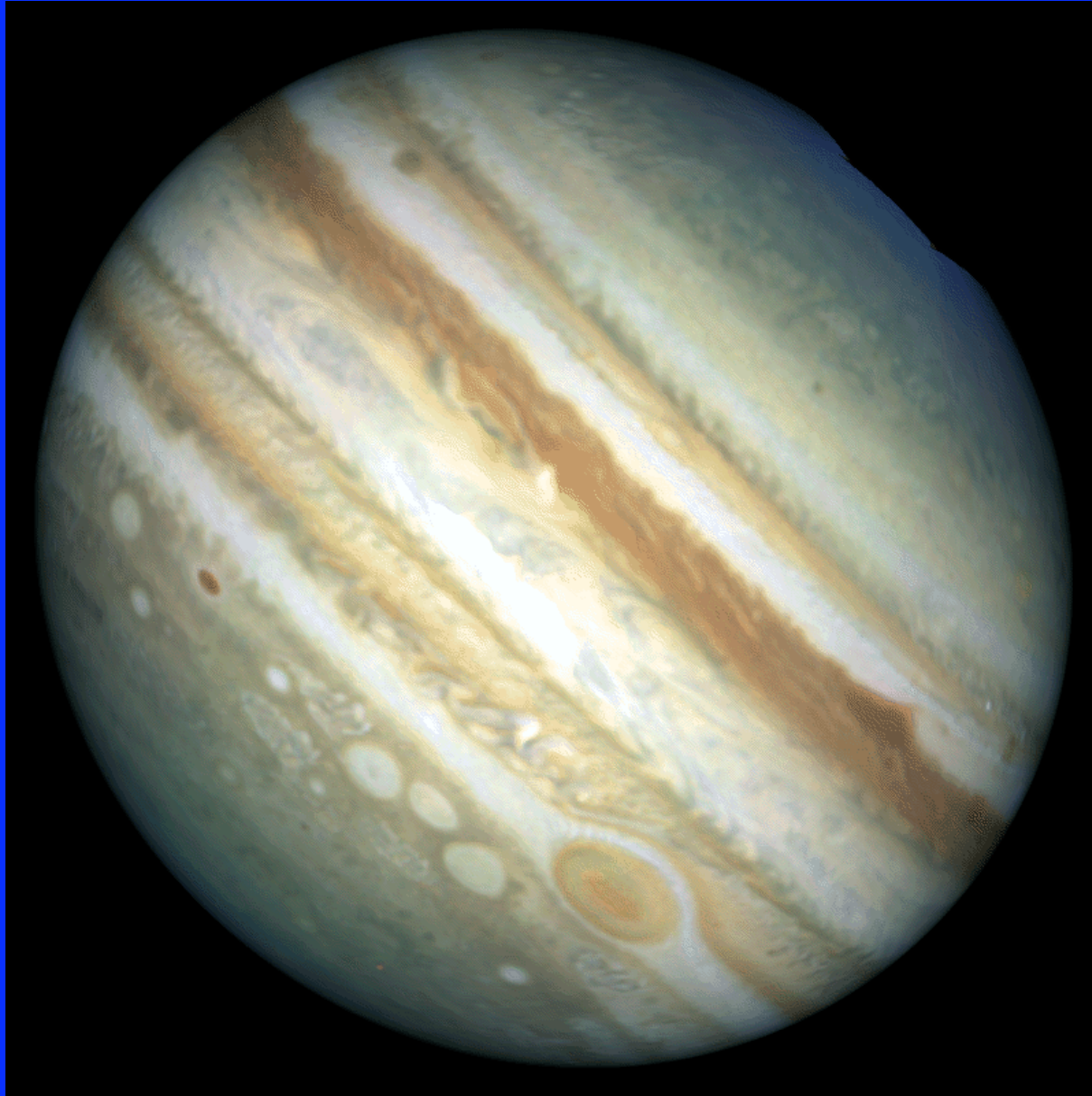


Venere





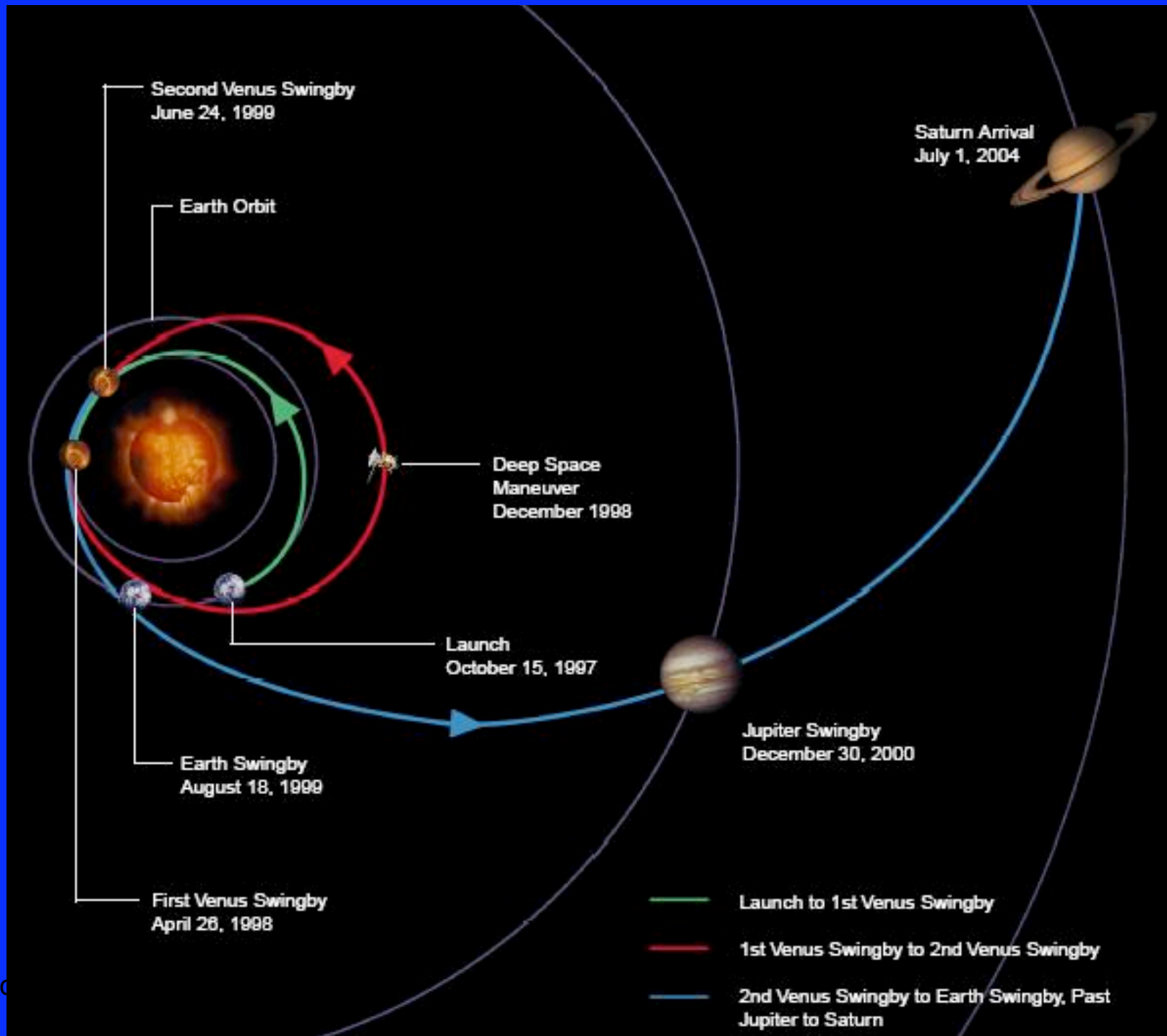
Marte



*Giove*



# Saturno



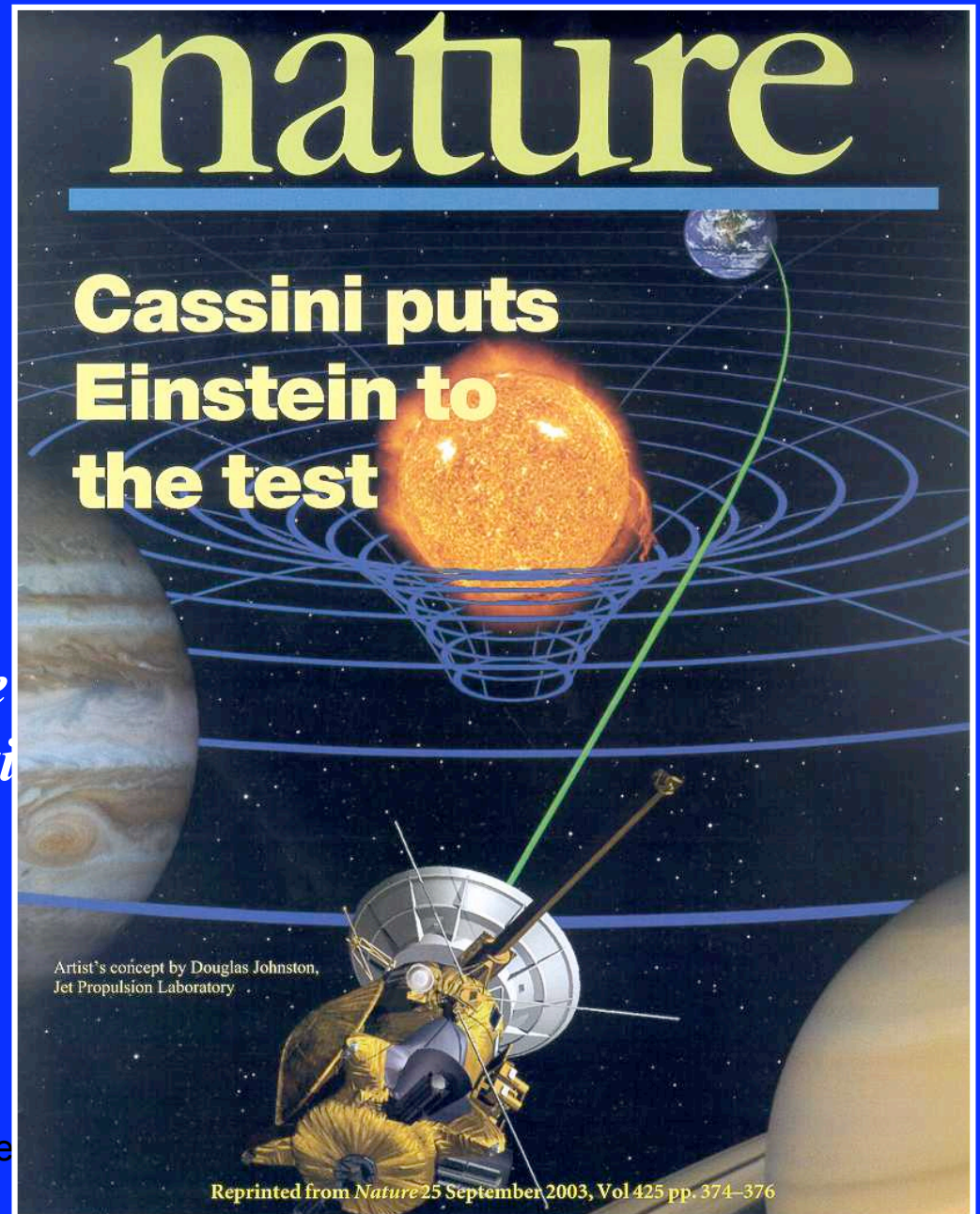
# Un esperimento di relatività generale

*B. Bertotti, L. Iess, P. Tortora  
hanno effettuato un originale  
esperimento per la misura  
della deviazione del segnale  
causata dal campo  
gravitazionale del Sole.*

*Si è avuta conferma della  
teoria della relatività generale  
con un'accuratezza di 20 parti  
per milione, 50 volte meglio  
del precedente limite.*

P. Galeotti

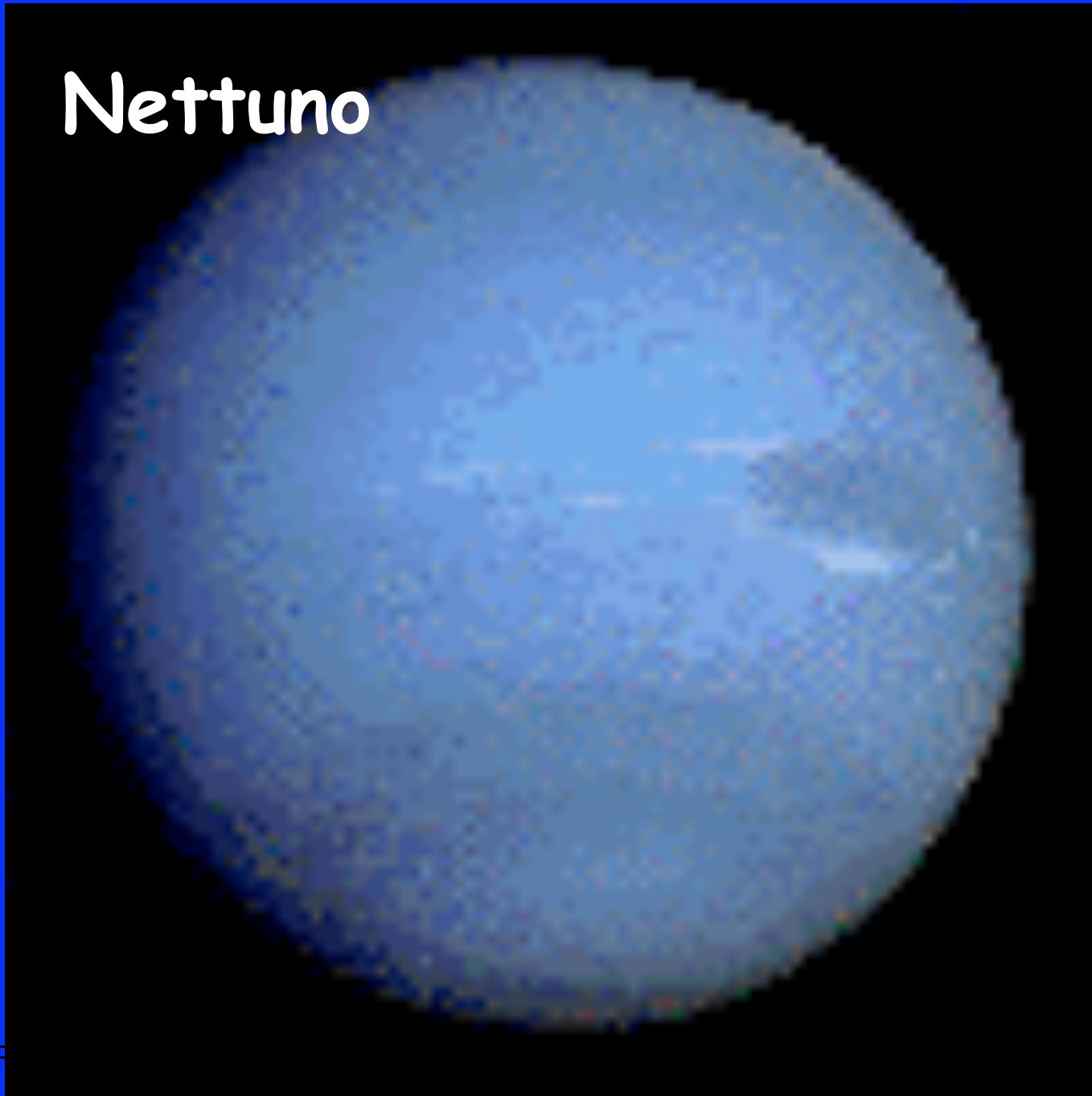
Are



Urano



# Nettuno

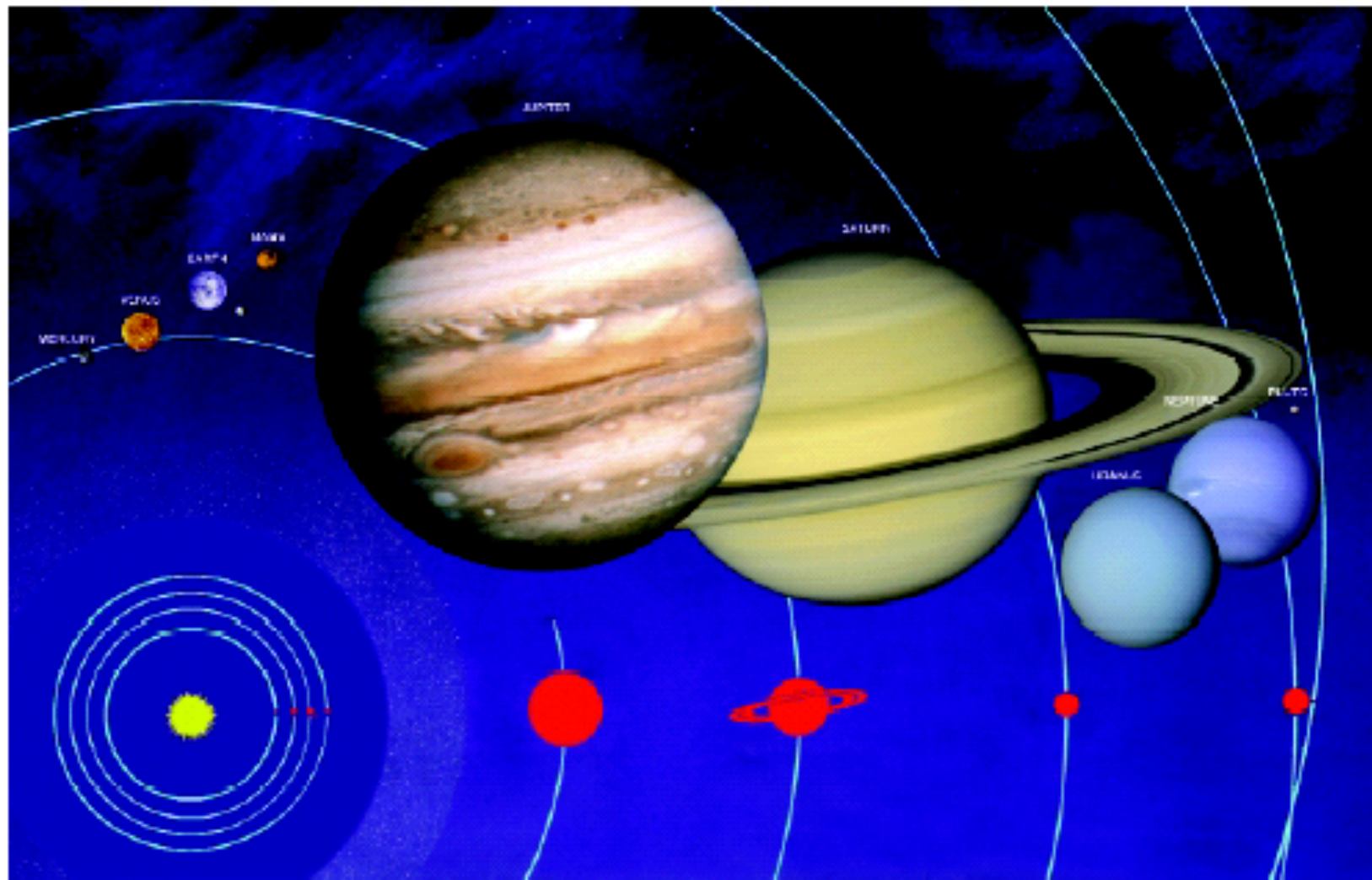






National Aeronautics and  
Space Administration

## Our Solar System



	Distance (AU)	Radius (Earth's)	Mass (Earth's)	Rotation (Earth's)	# Moons	Orbital Inclination	Orbital Eccentricity	Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )
<u>Sun</u>	0	109	332,800	25-36*	9	---	---	1.410
<u>Mercury</u>	0.39	0.38	0.05	58.8	0	7	0.2056	5.43
<u>Venus</u>	0.72	0.95	0.89	244	0	3.394	0.0068	5.25
<u>Earth</u>	1.0	1.00	1.00	1.00	1	0.000	0.0167	5.52
<u>Mars</u>	1.5	0.53	0.11	1.029	2	1.850	0.0934	3.95
<u>Jupiter</u>	5.2	11	318	0.411	16	1.308	0.0483	1.33
<u>Saturn</u>	9.5	9	95	0.428	18	2.488	0.0560	0.69
<u>Uranus</u>	19.2	4	15	0.748	15	0.774	0.0461	1.29
<u>Neptune</u>	30.1	4	17	0.802	8	1.774	0.0097	1.64
<u>Pluto</u>	39.5	0.18	0.002	0.267	1	17.15	0.2482	2.03

transito di un pianeta sul disco  
della sua stella

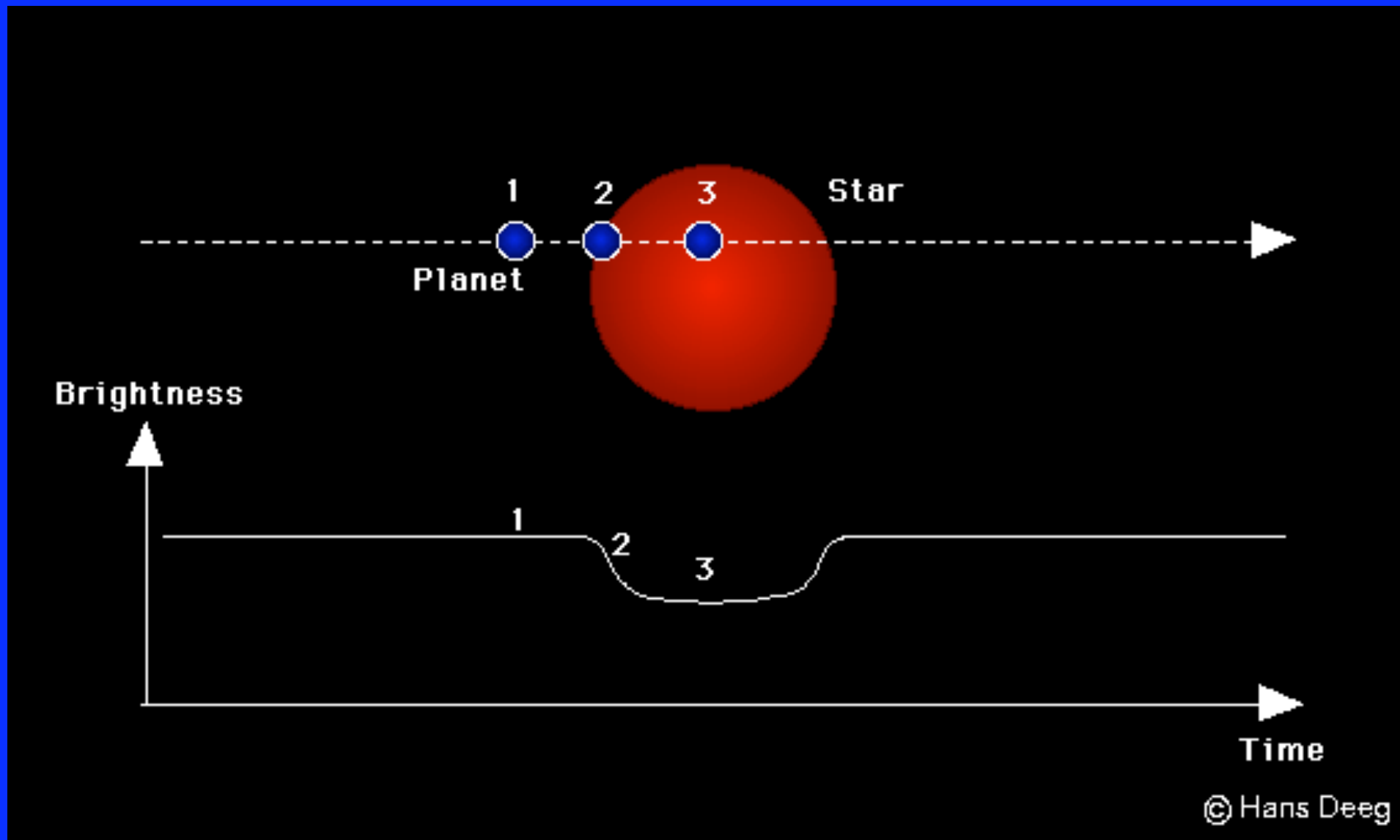


**eclisse  
totale  
di Sole**



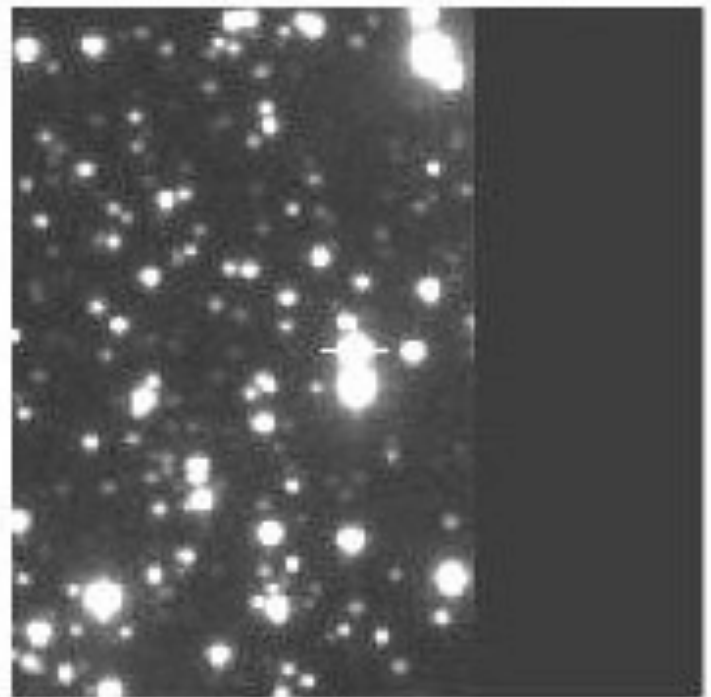
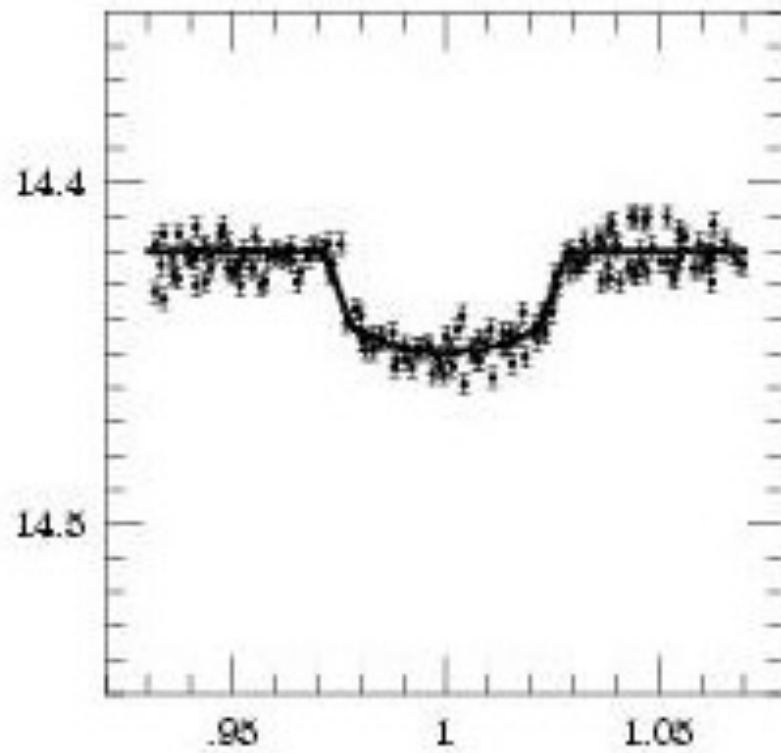
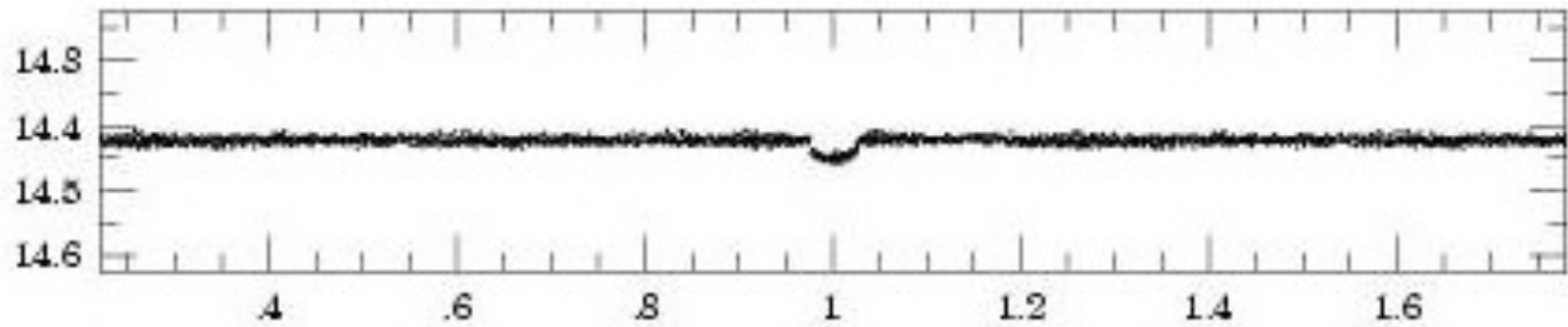
# Transito di Venere sul Sole

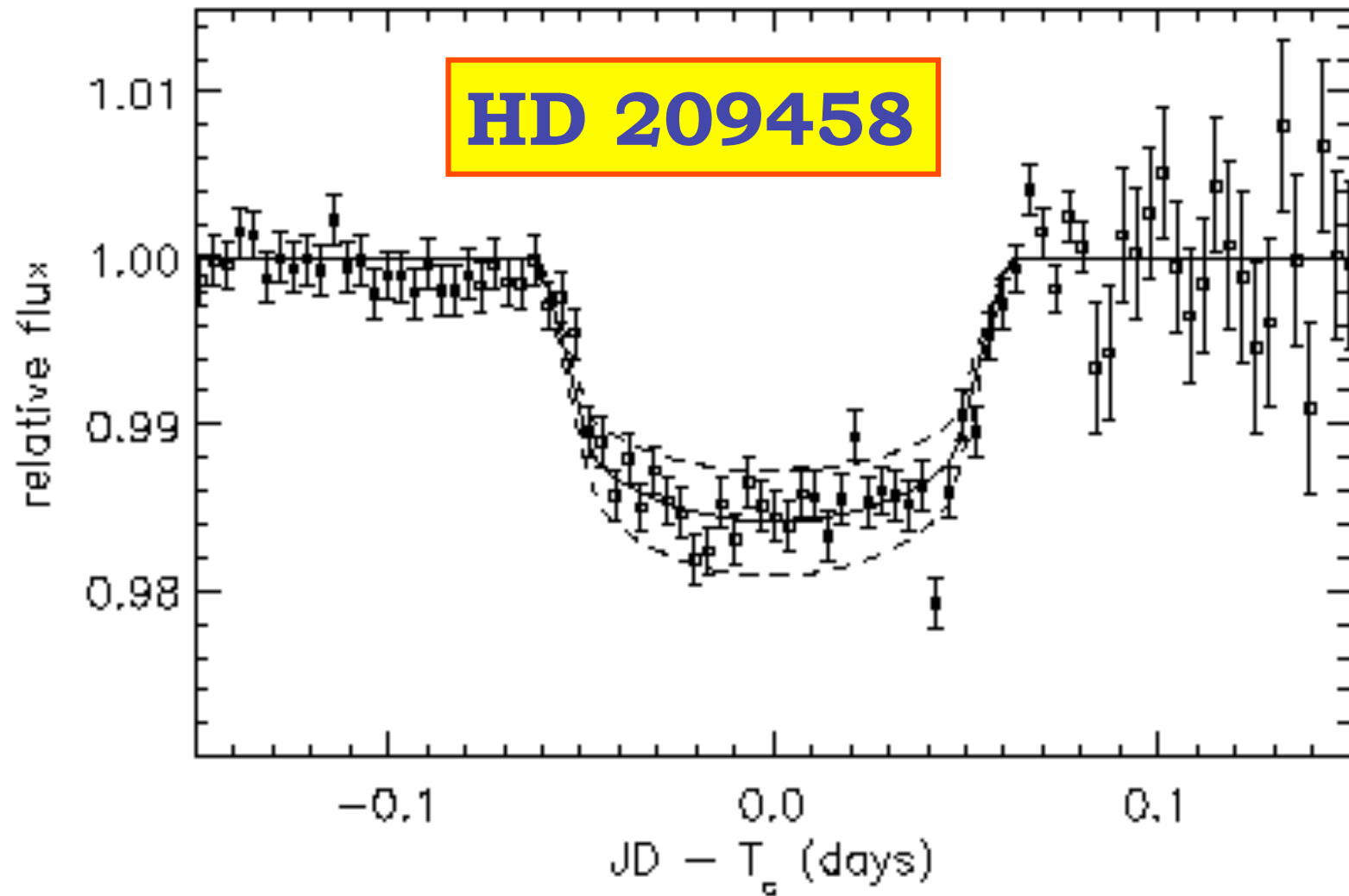




© Hans Deeg

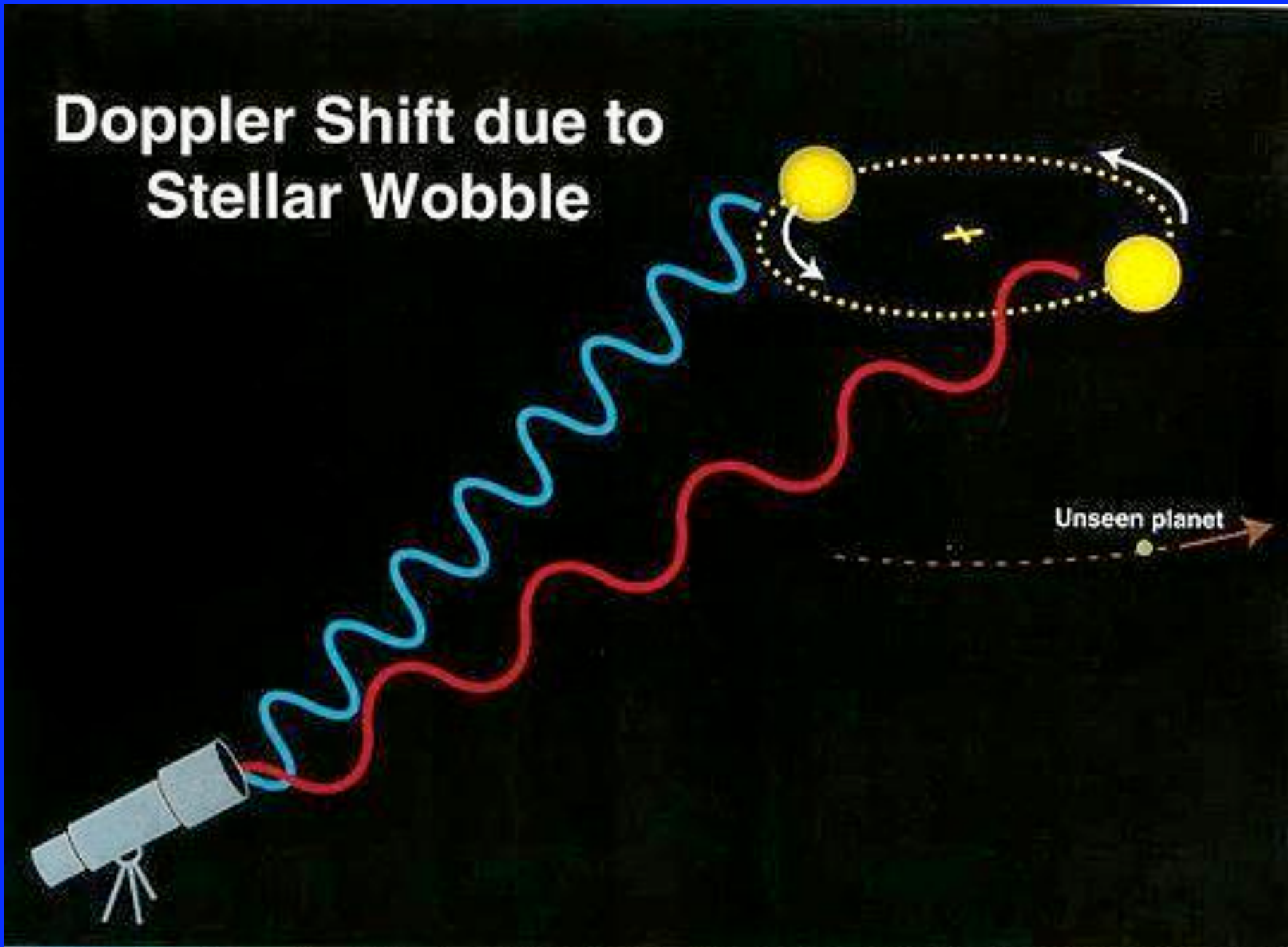
OGLE-TR-113 P=1.43250 (days)

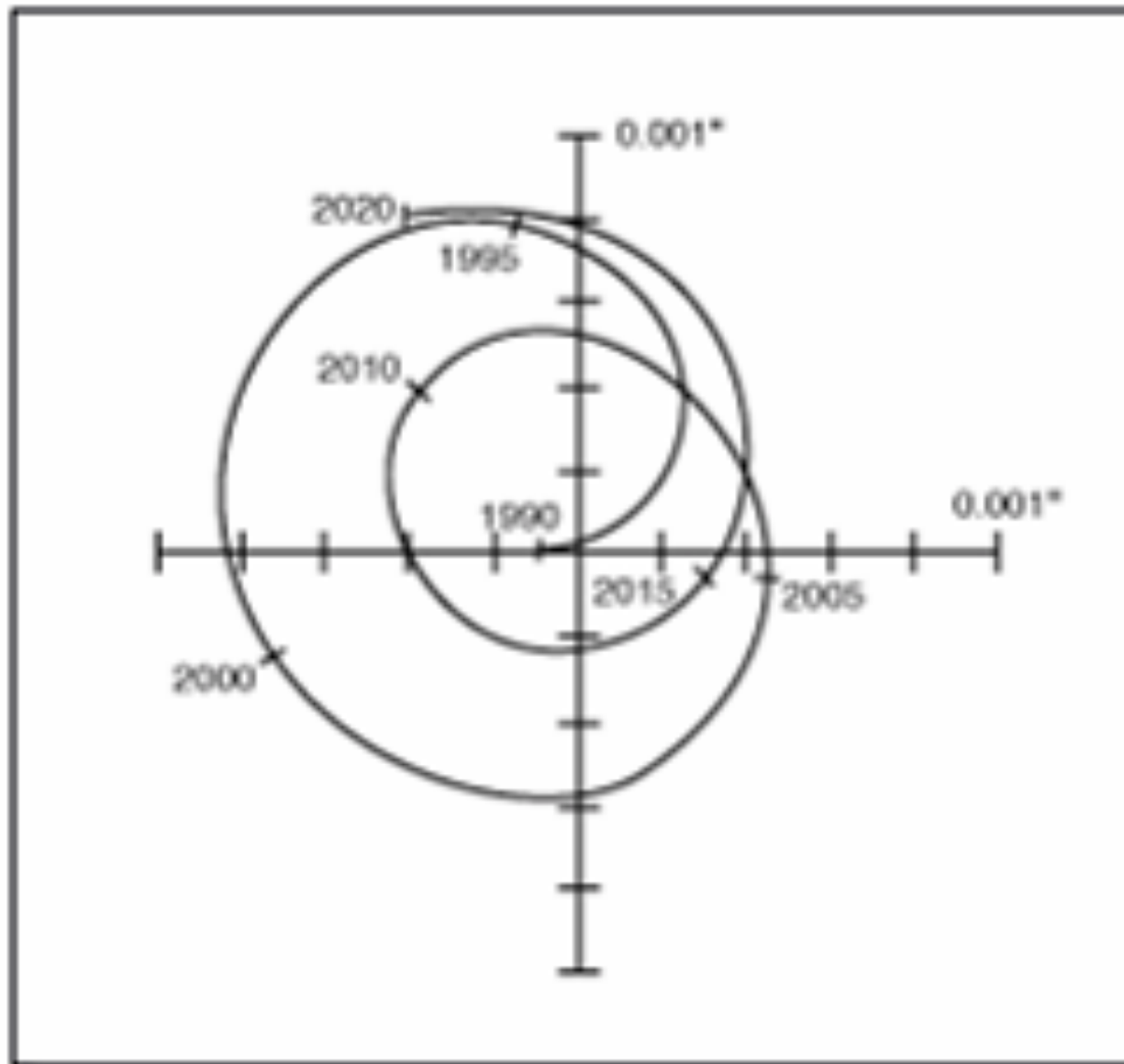






# Doppler Shift due to Stellar Wobble

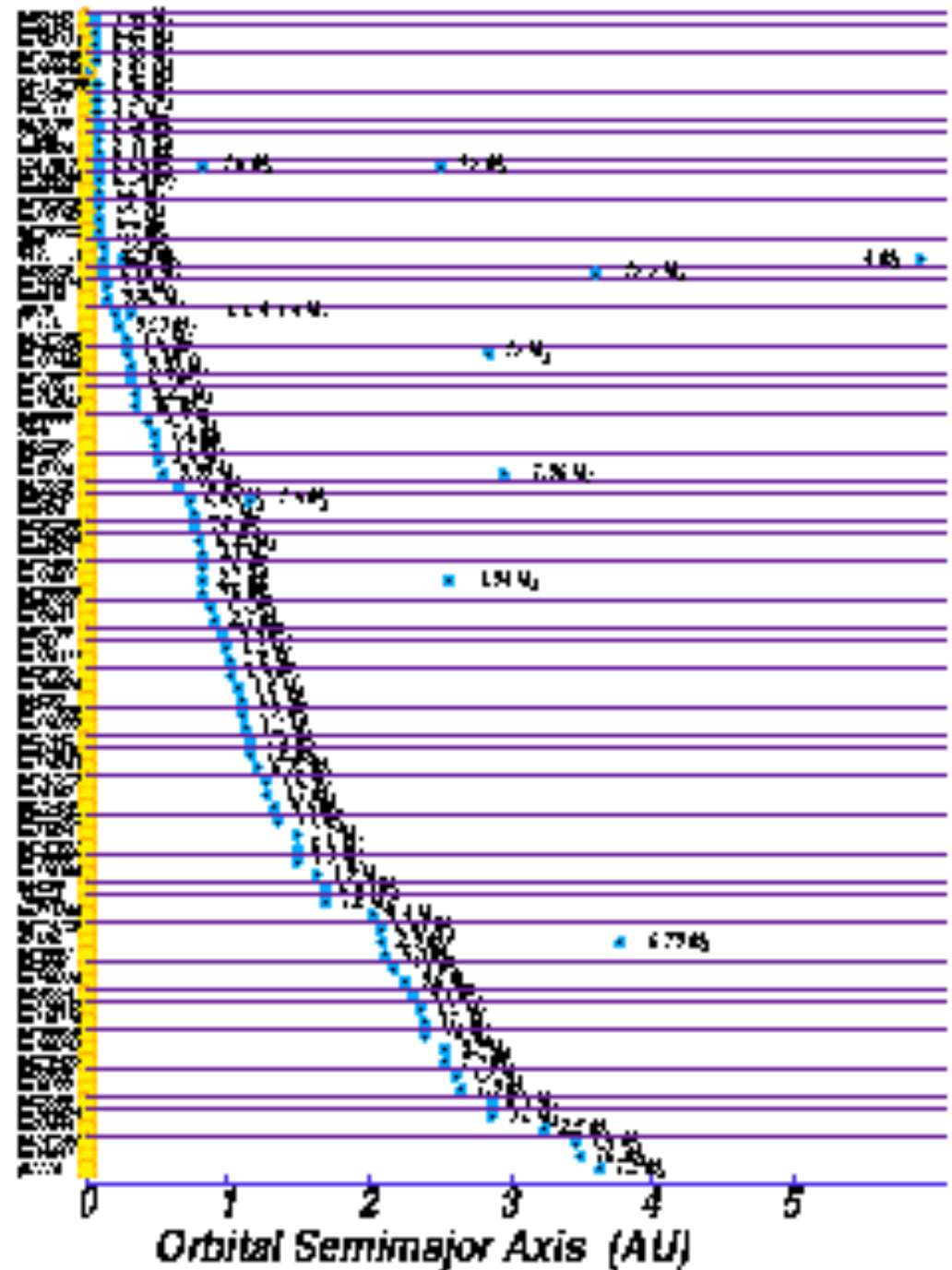


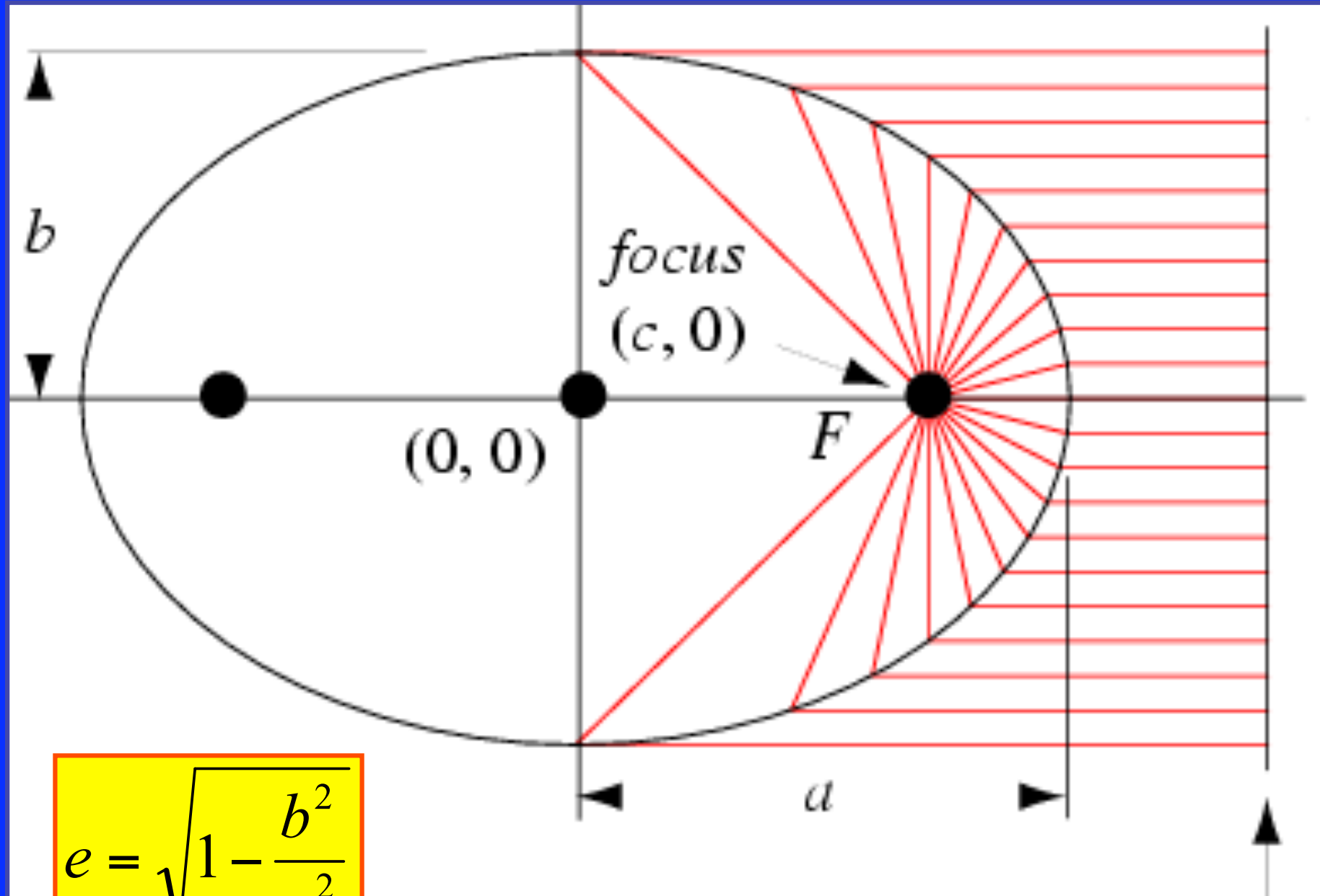


Astrometric displacement of the Sun due to Jupiter as seen from 10 parsecs.

Il primo pianeta extrasolare venne scoperto nel 1995 da Mayor e Queloz, all'Osservatorio di Ginevra, intorno alla stella 51 Pegasi. Ora sono oltre 200 i sistemi planetari extrasolari scoperti (in media se ne scopre 1 al mese).

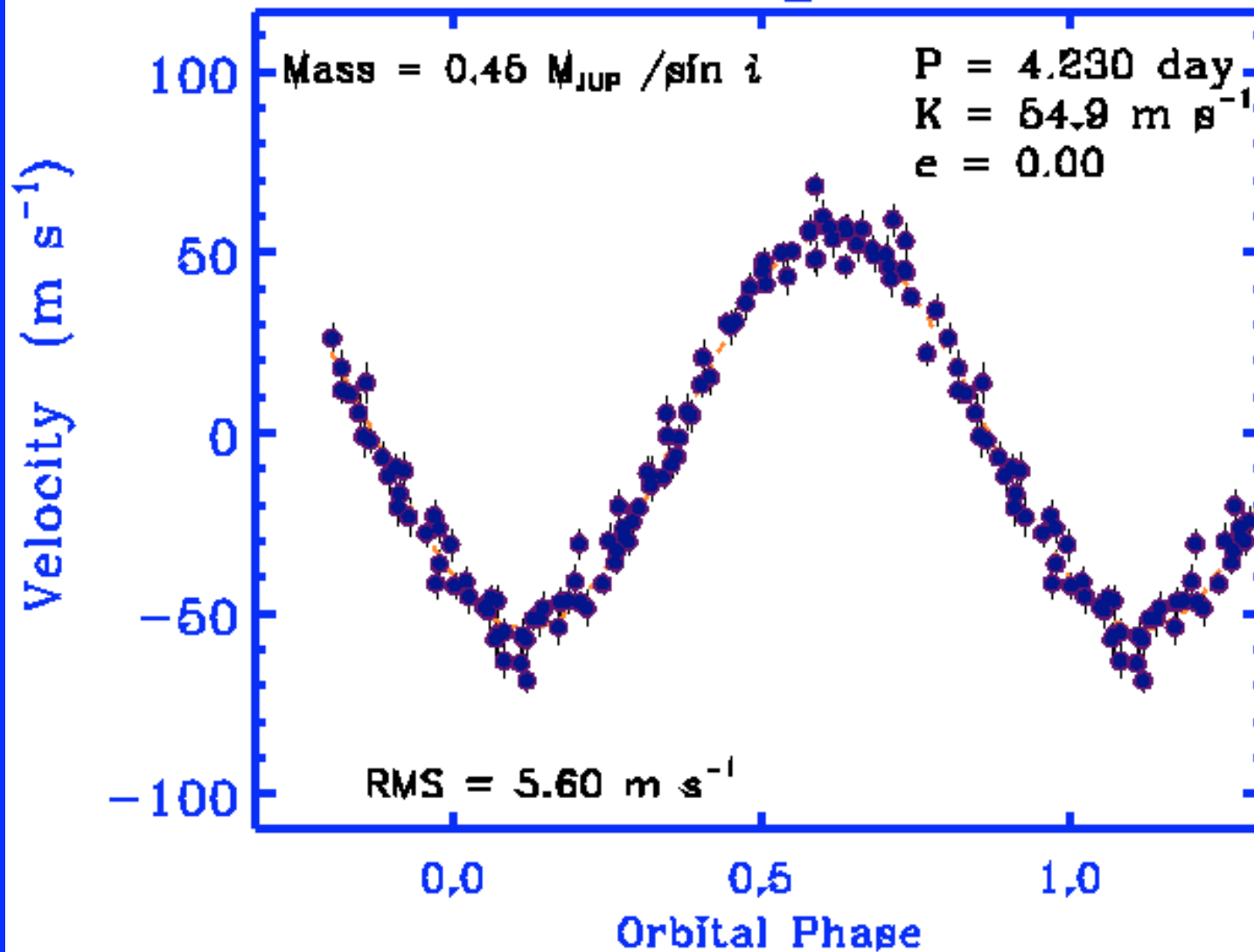
P.Galeotti



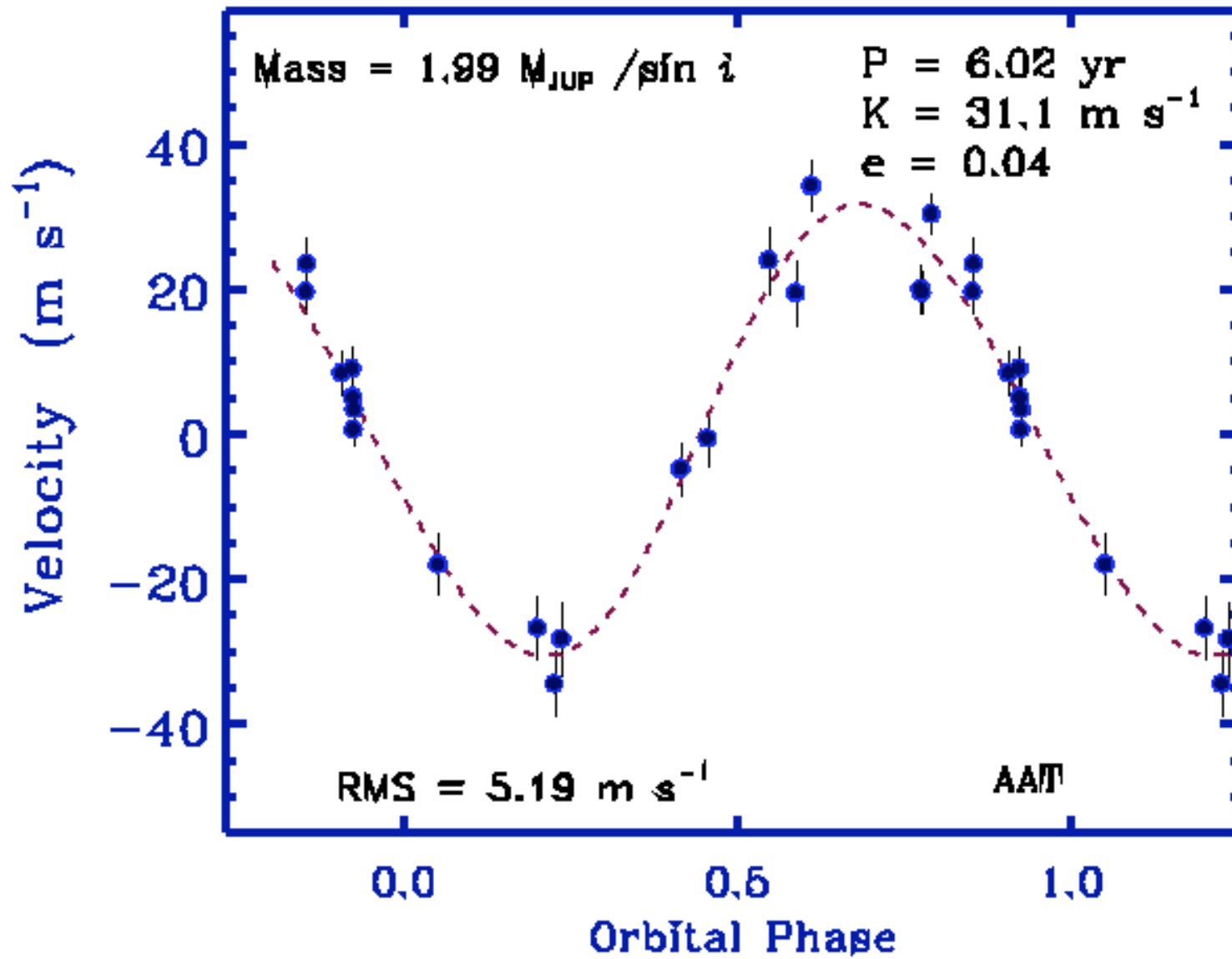


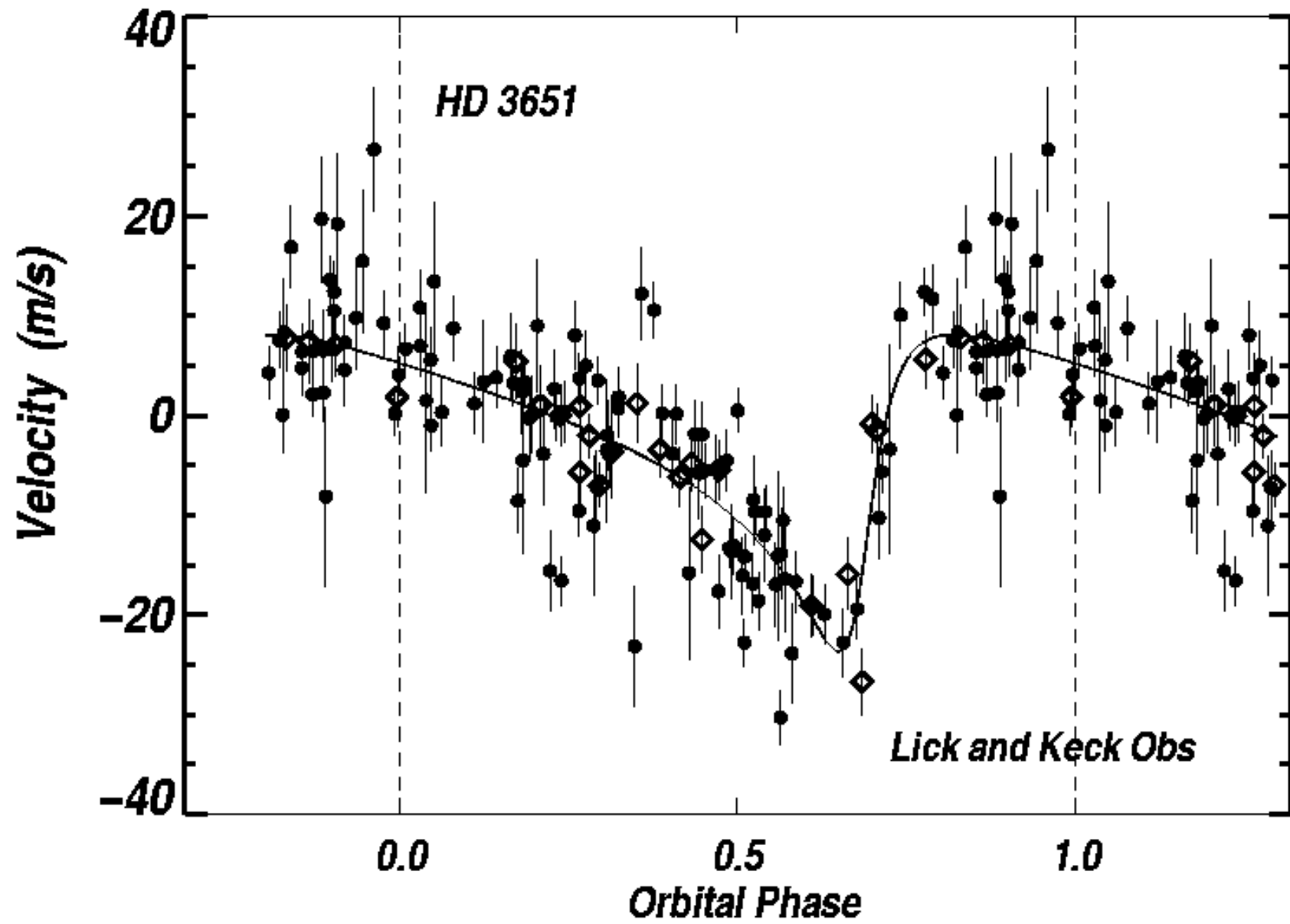
$$e = \sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2}{a^2}}$$

## 51 Pegasi

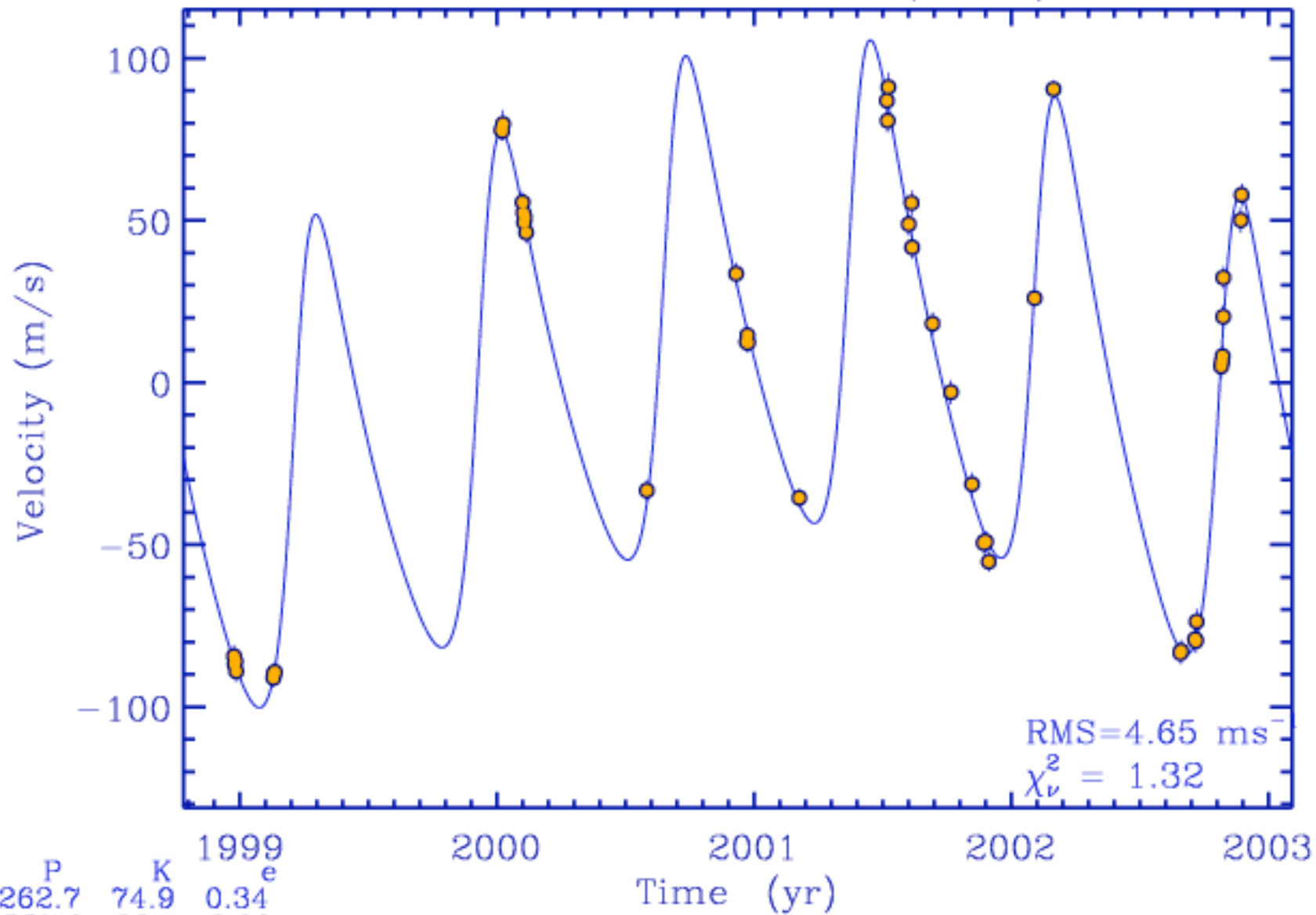


# HD 70642

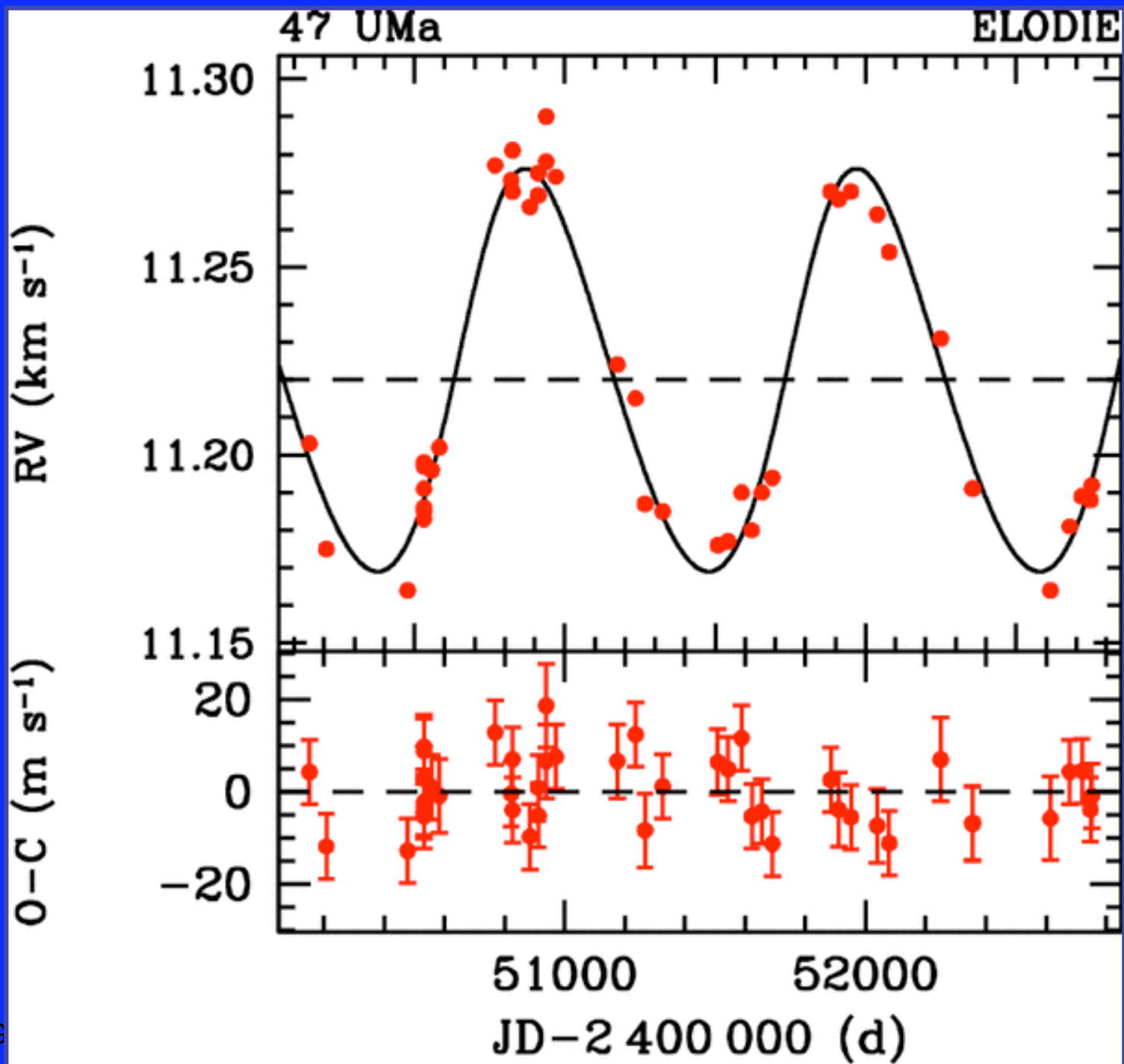


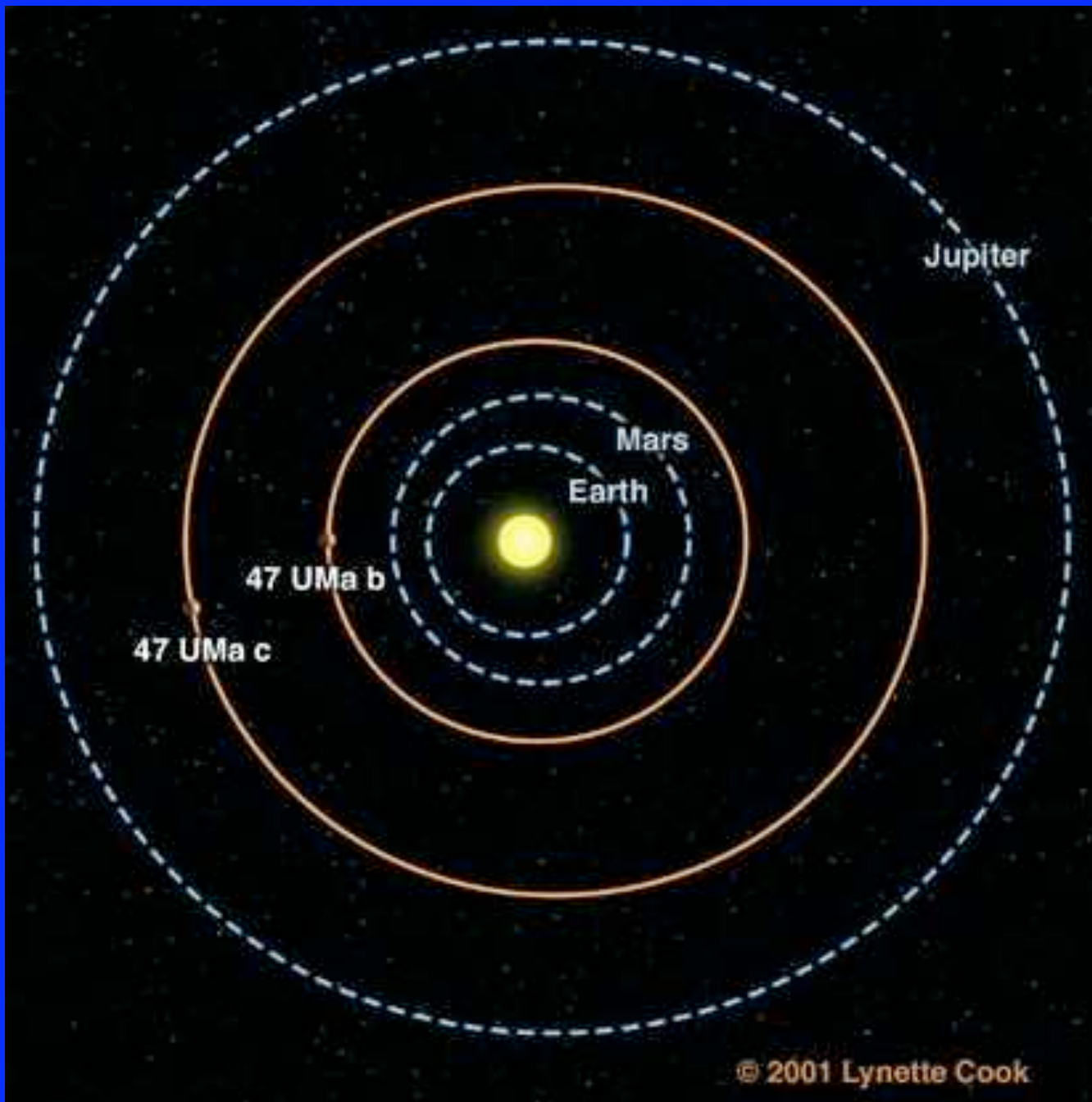


# HD 12661 (Keck)

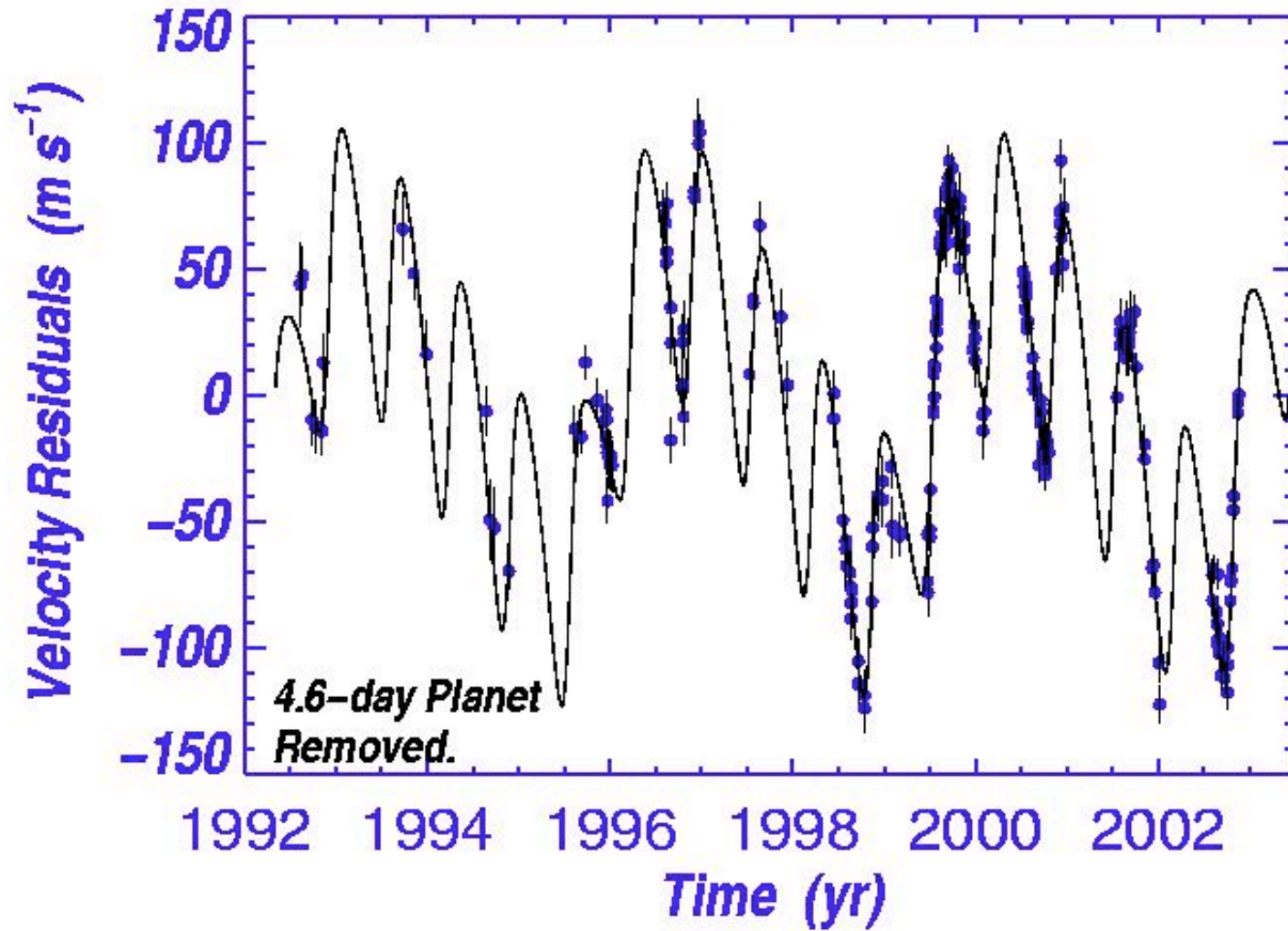




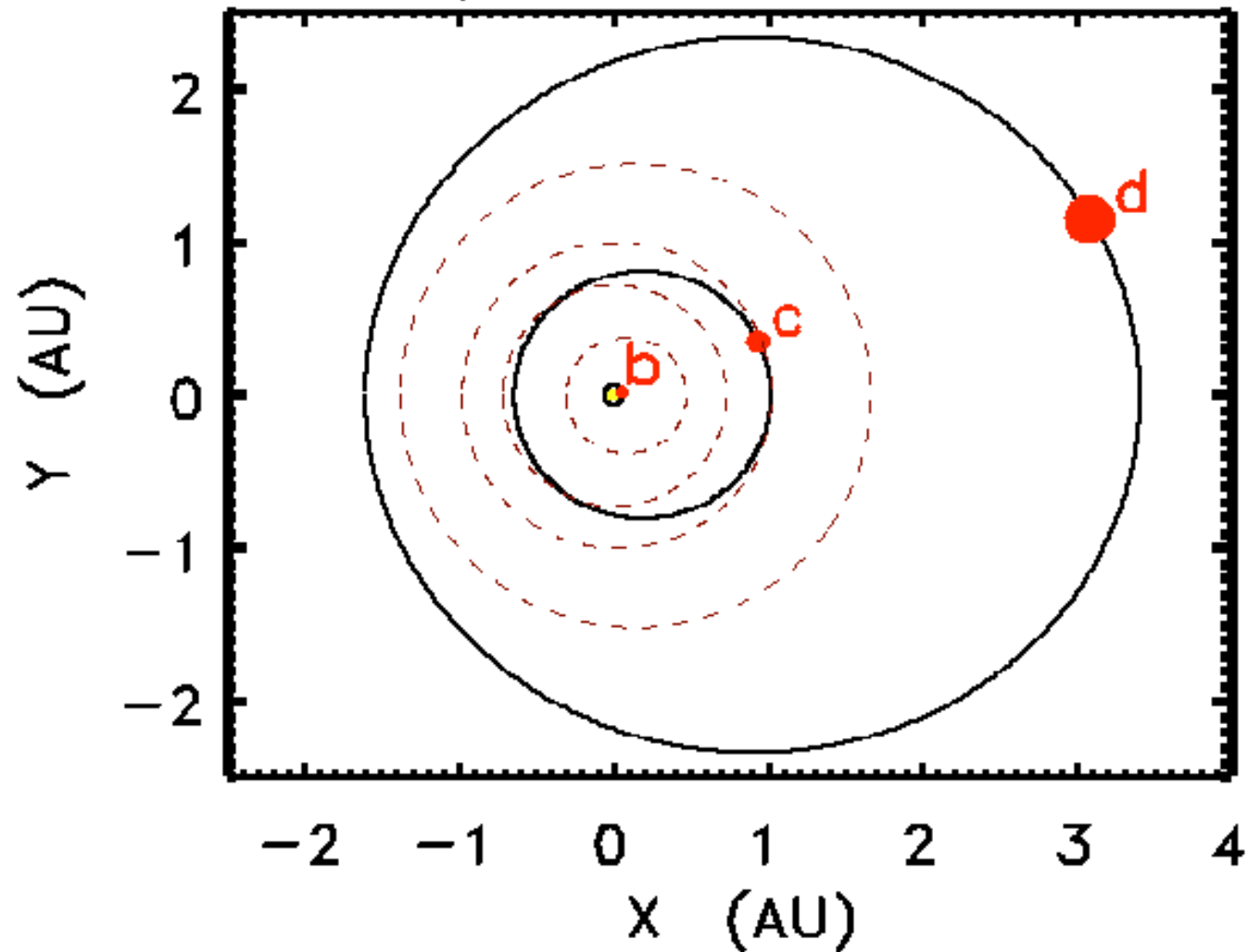




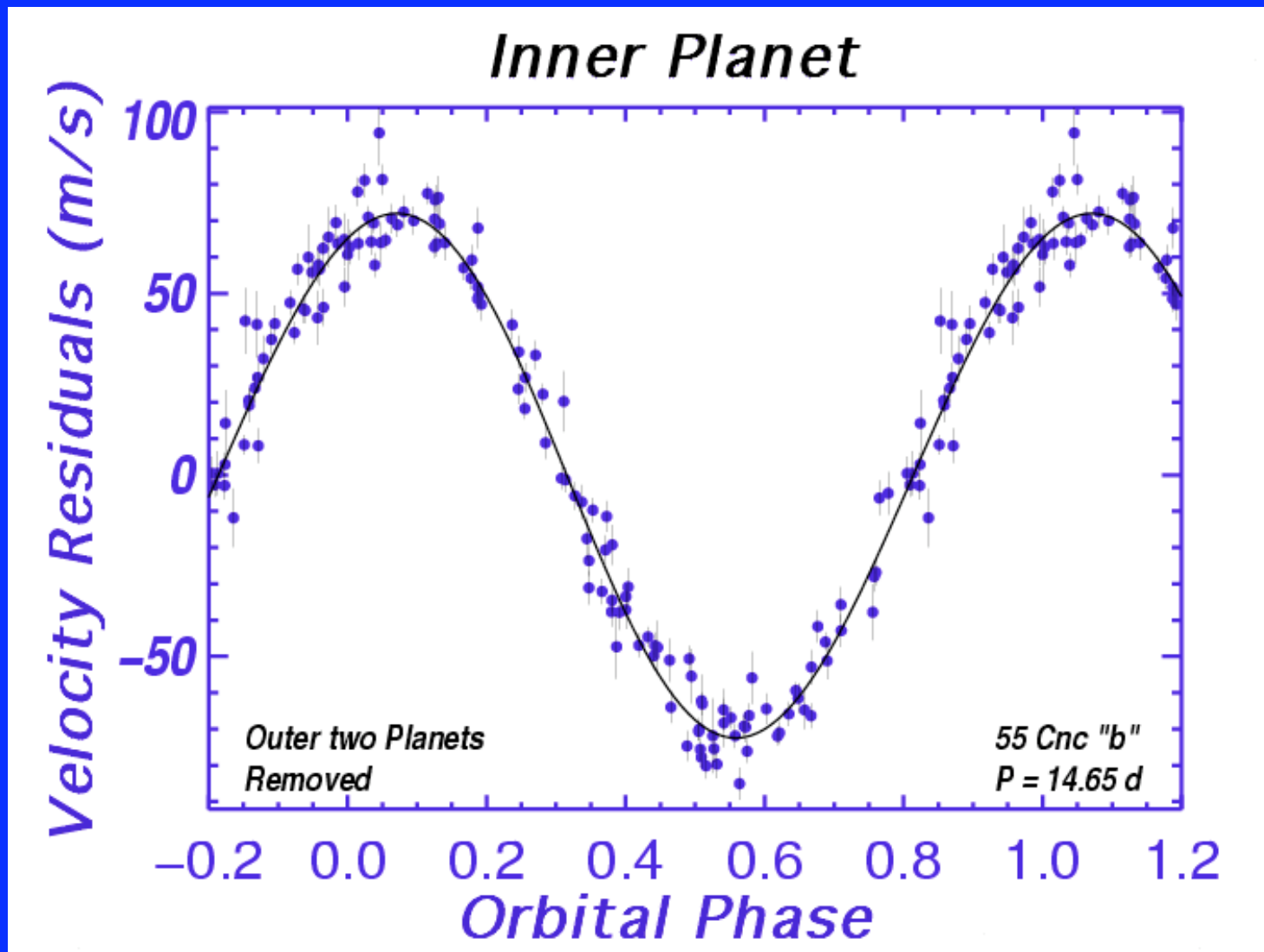
## Upsilon Andromedae



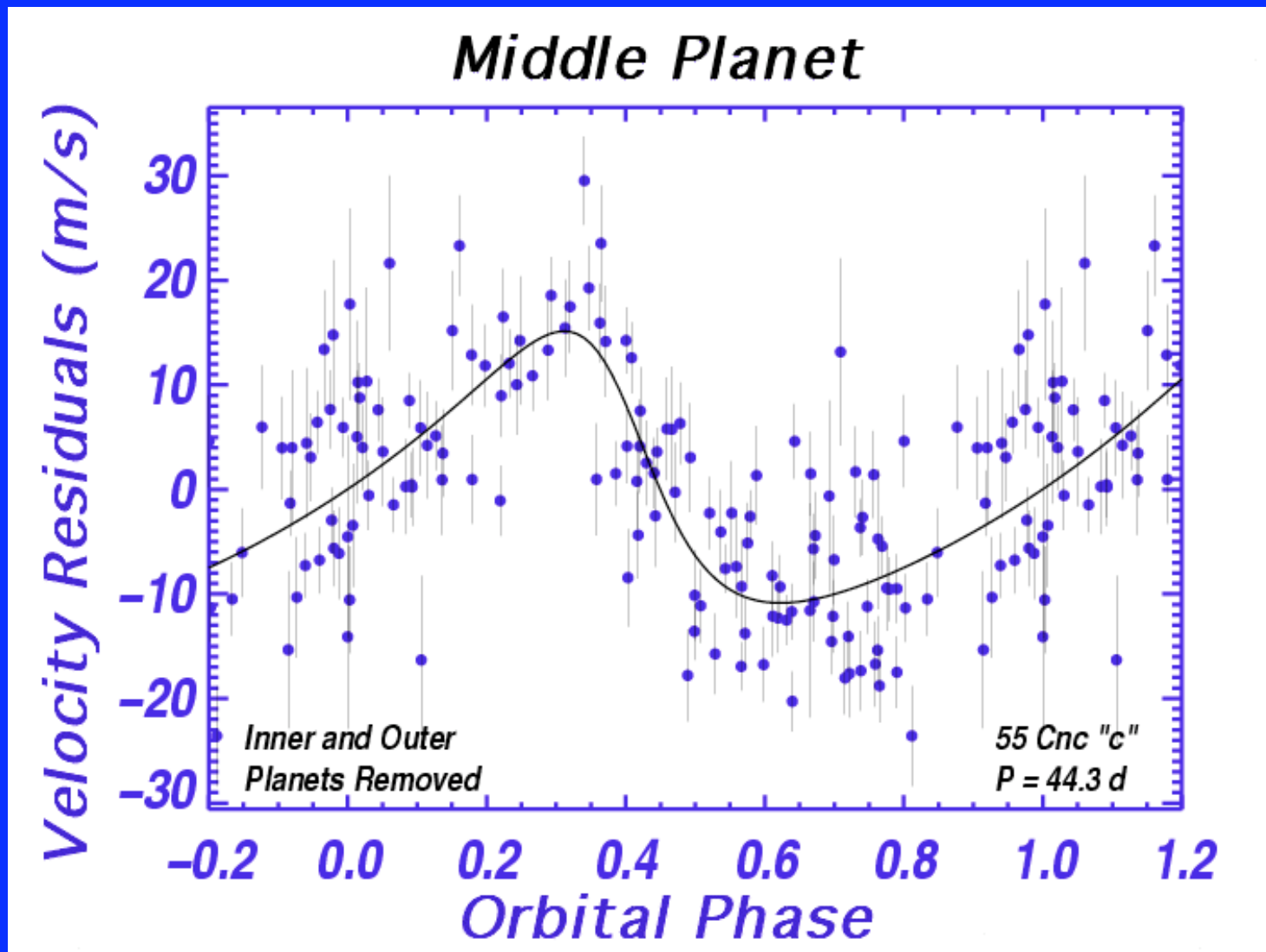
# Upsilon Andromedae



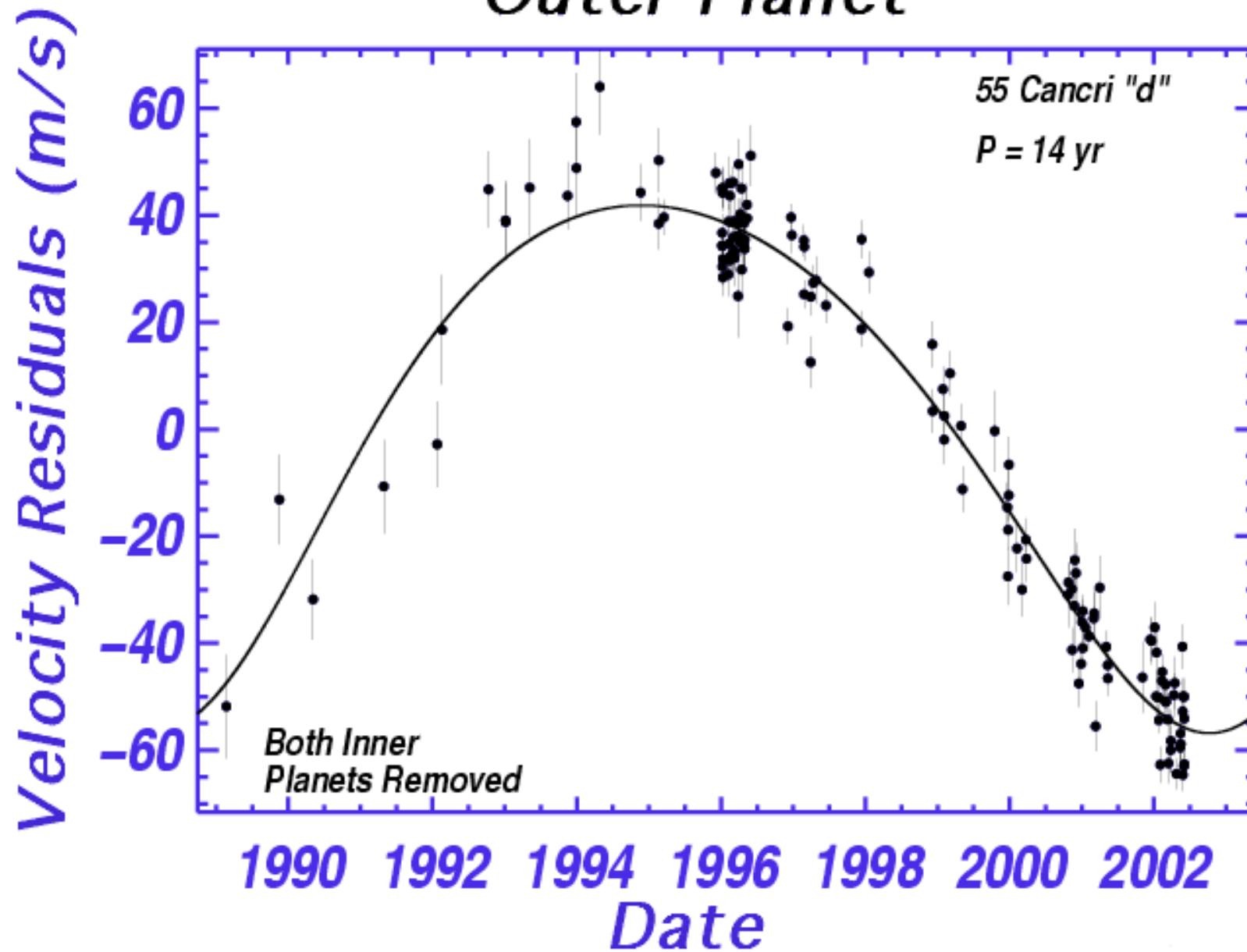
# 55 Cnc



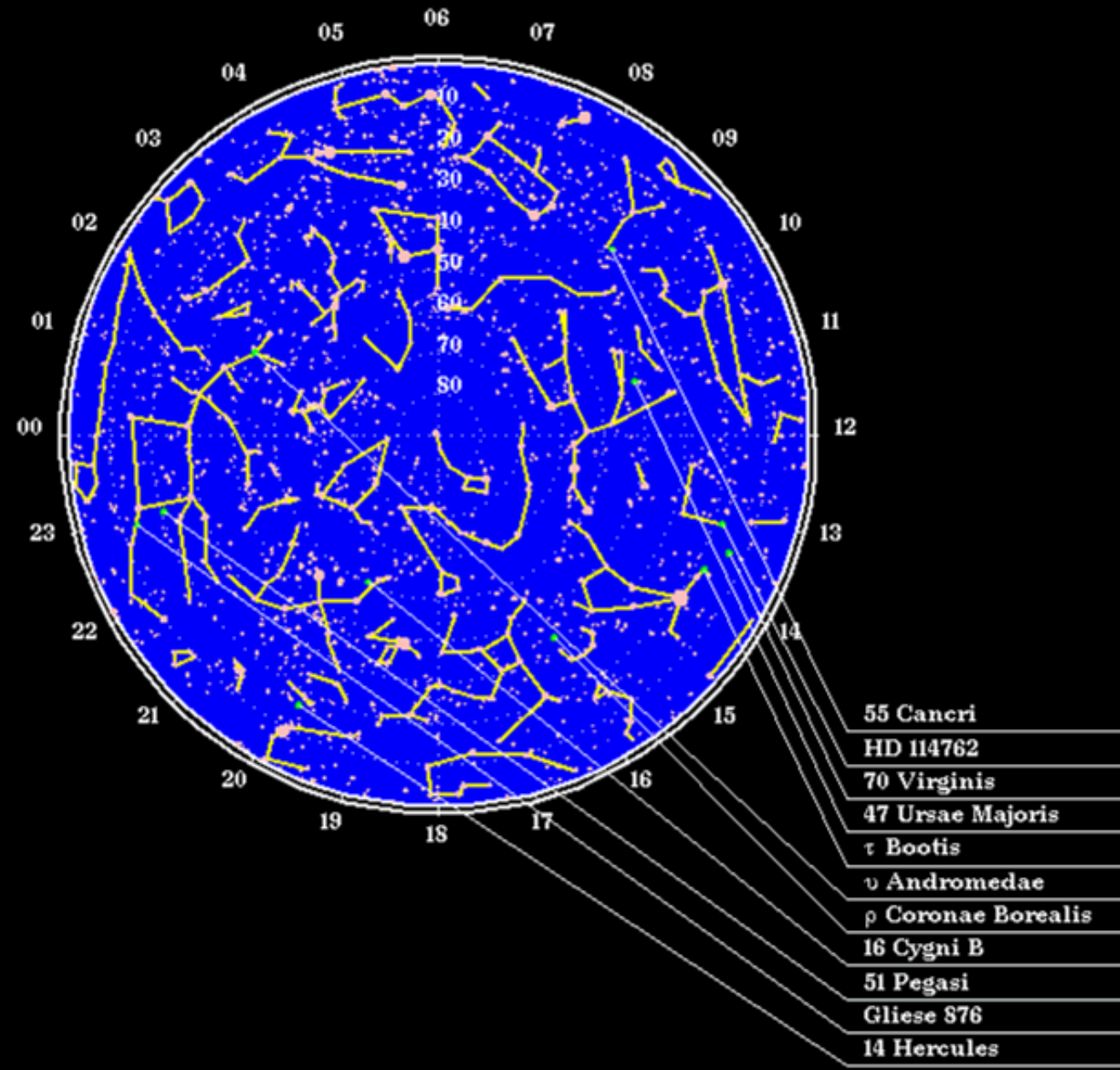
# 55 Cnc



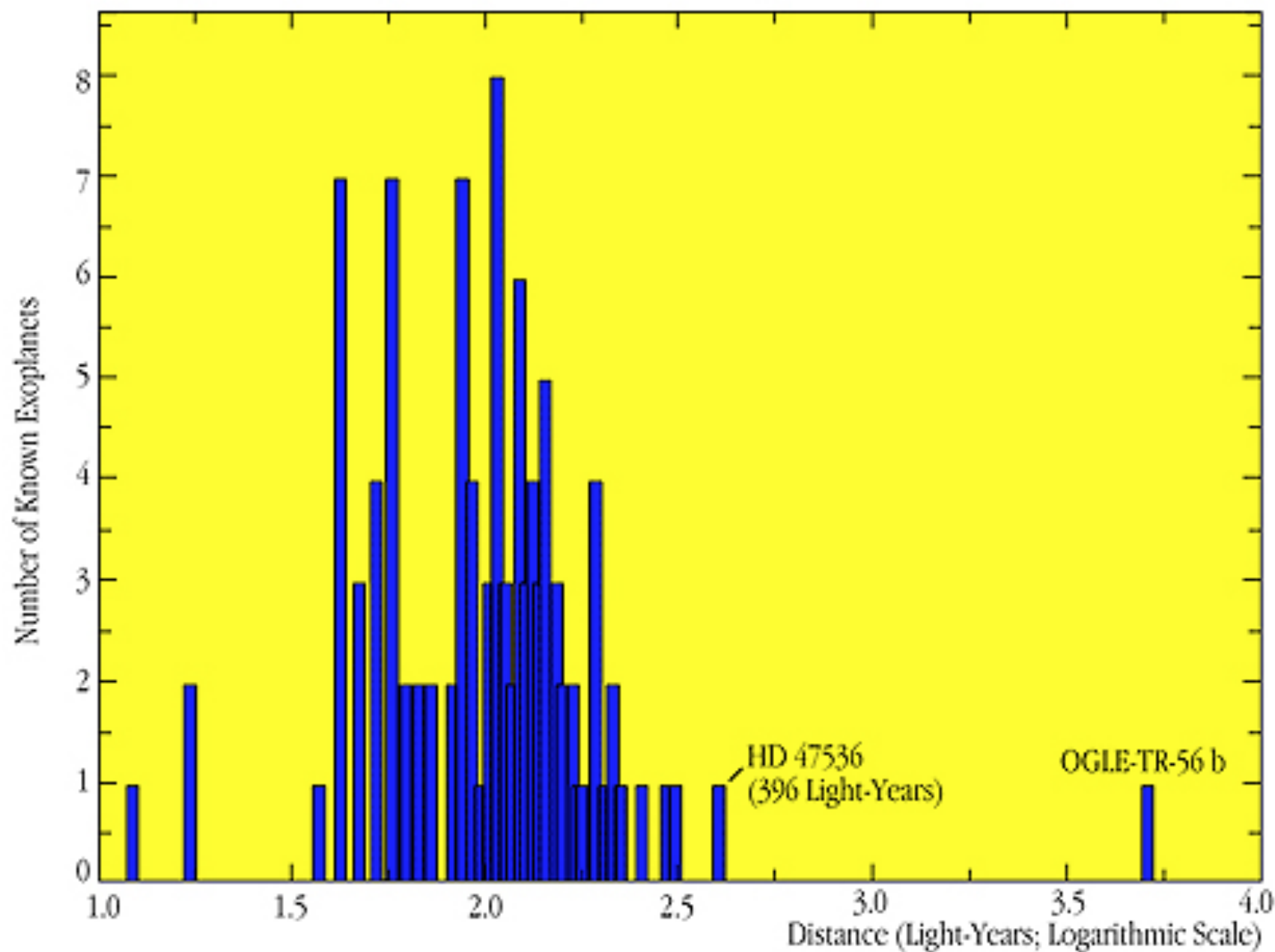
# Outer Planet



# They are everywhere!

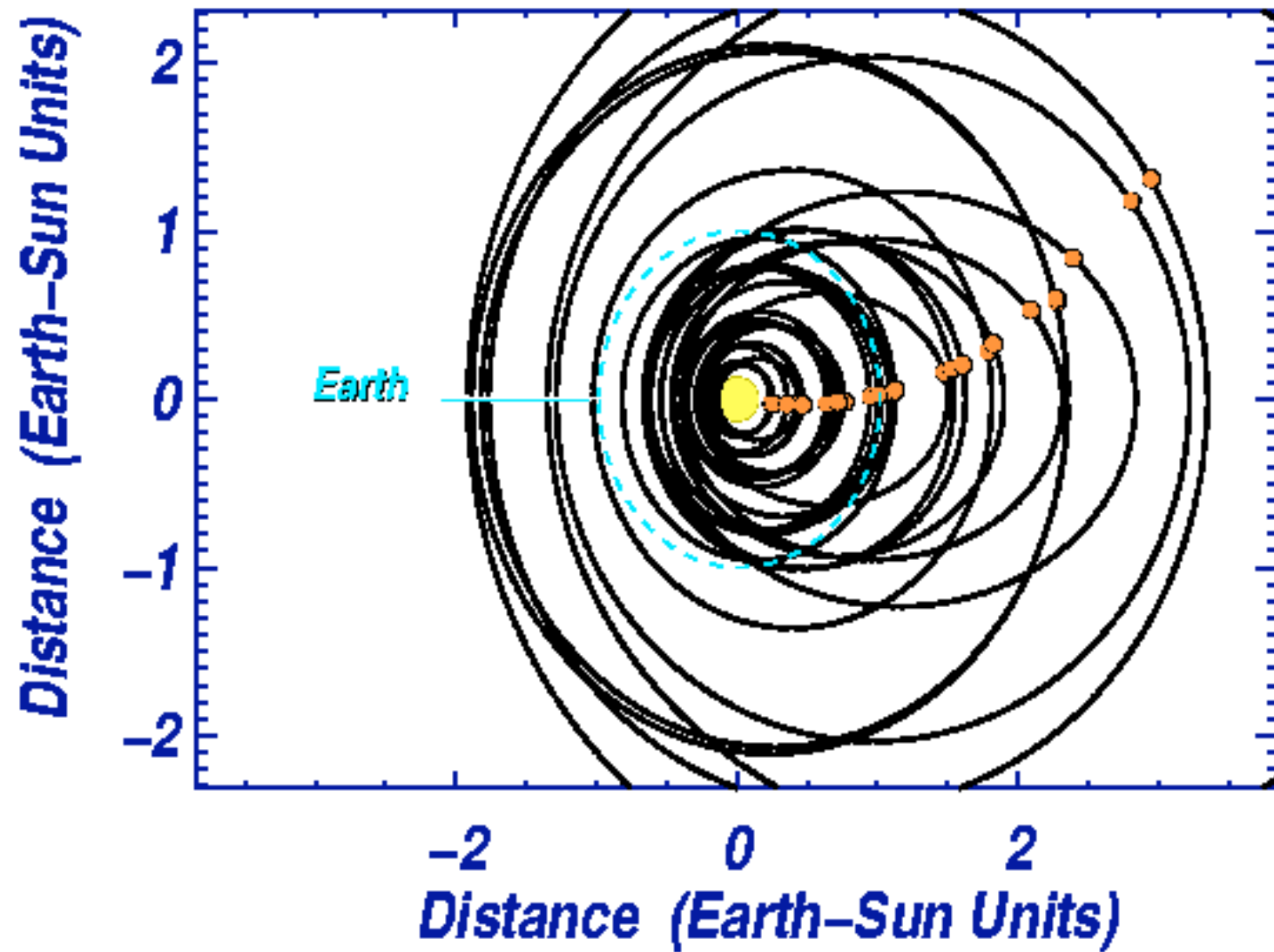




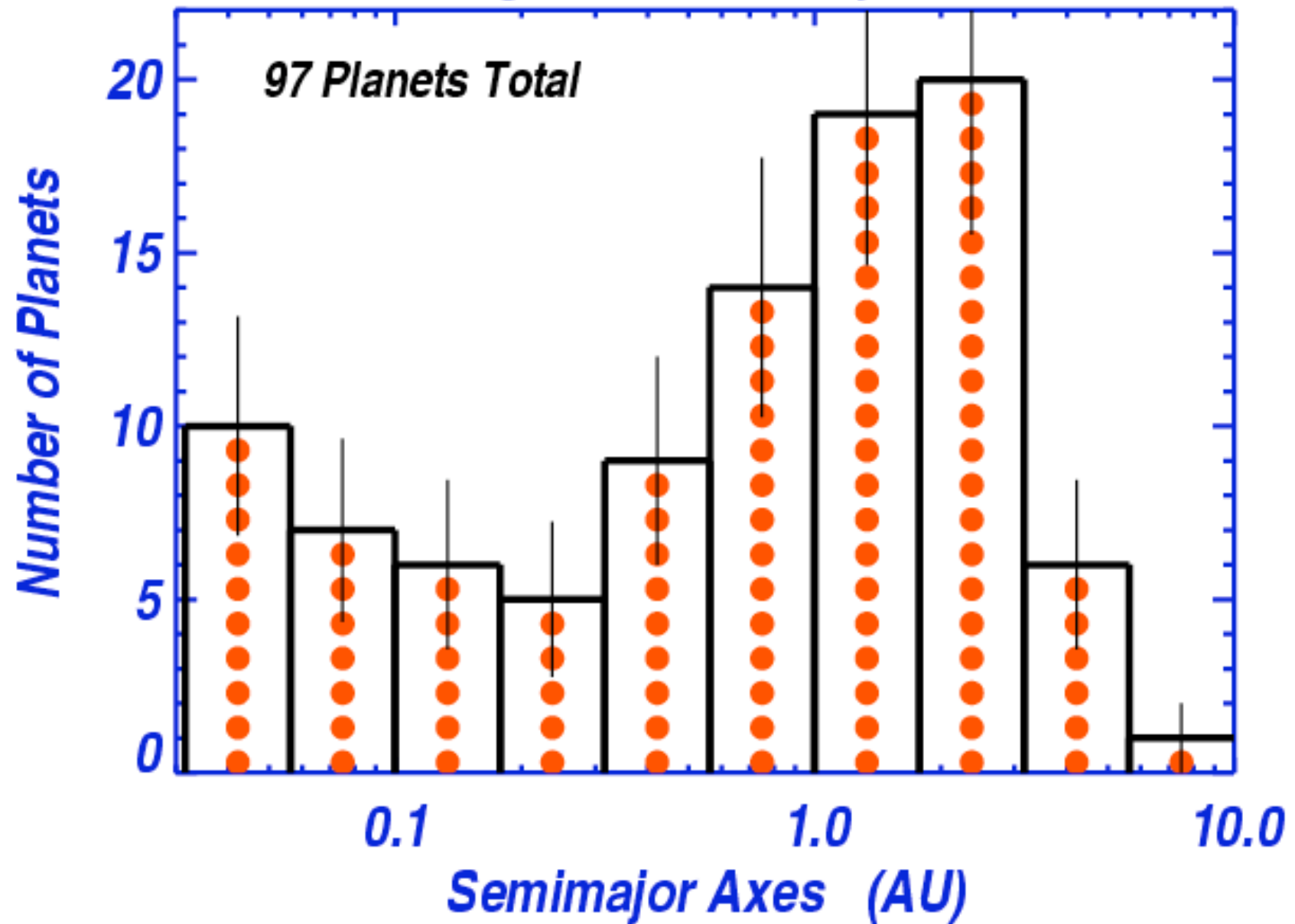


Distribution of Exoplanet Distances

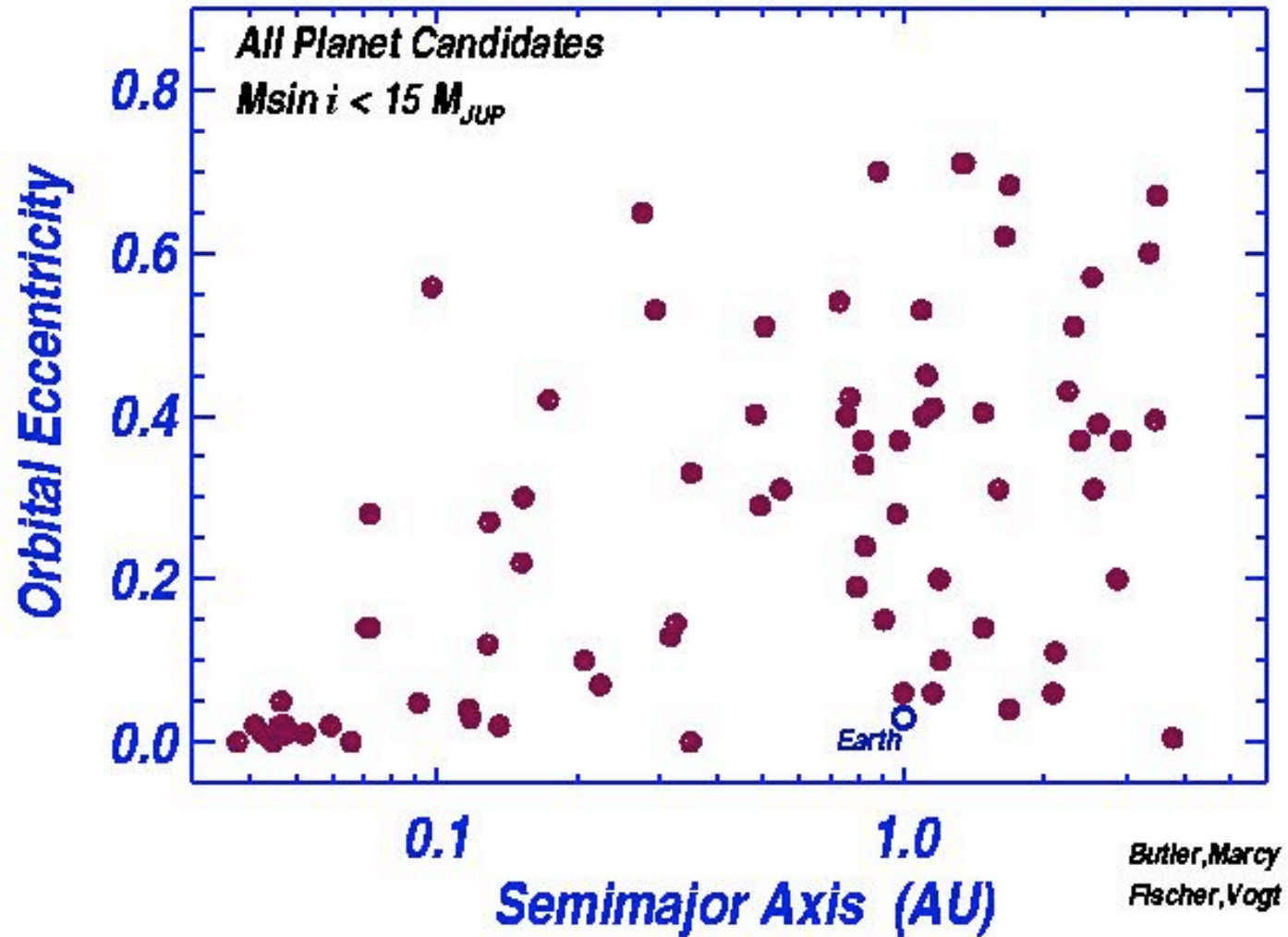
## Orbits of Extrasolar Planets



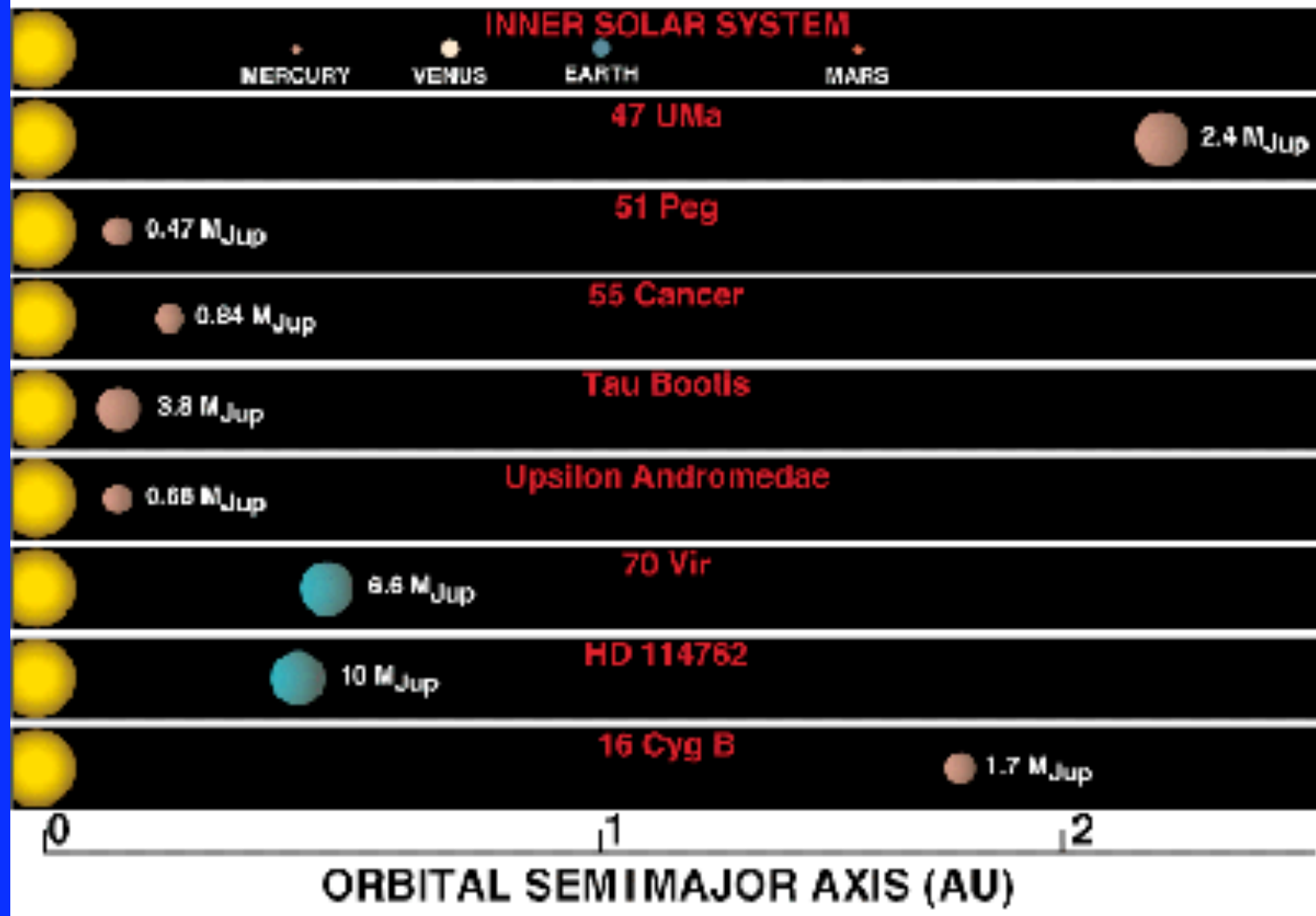
## Histogram of Semimajor Axes

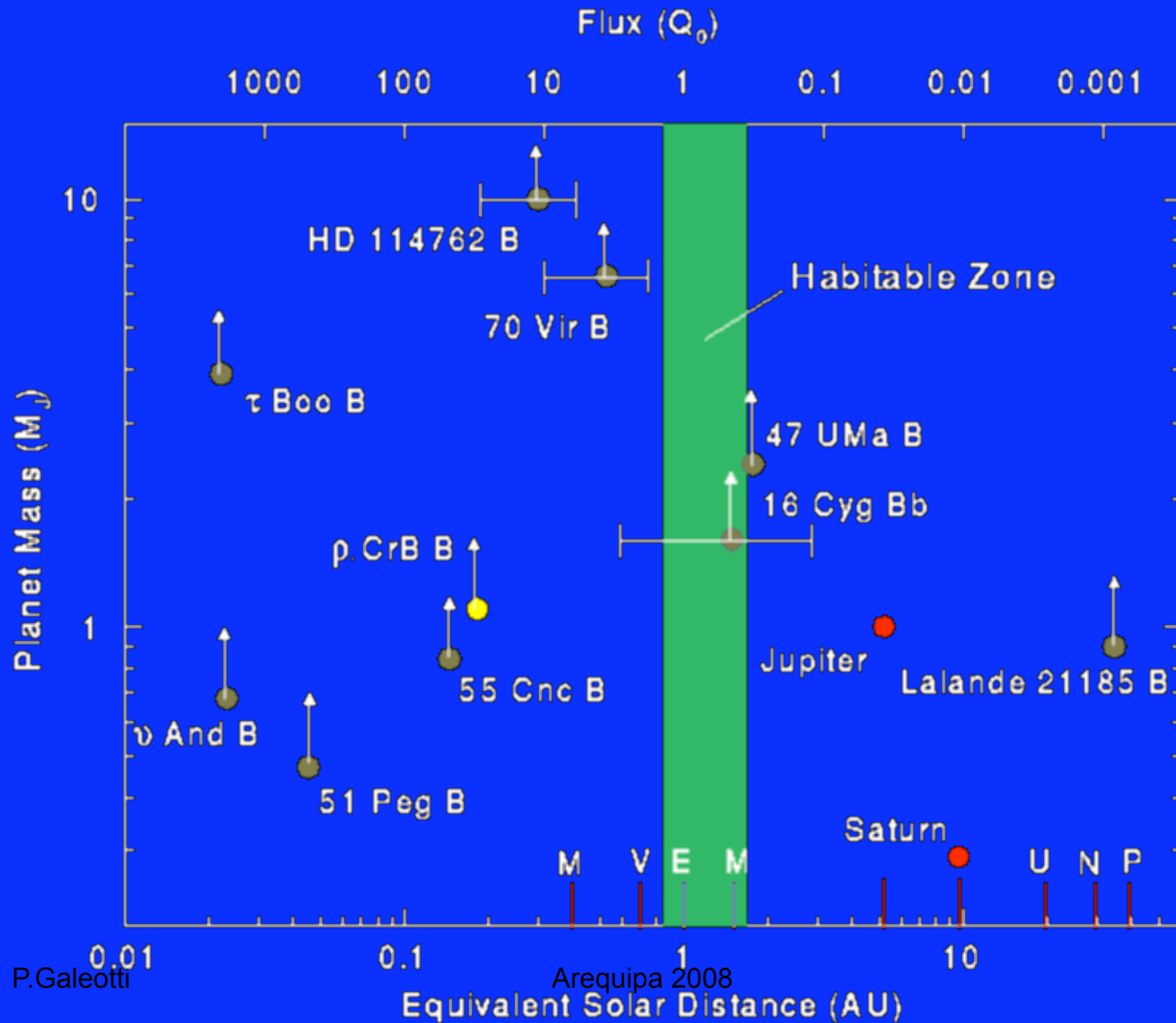


## Ellipticities of Extrasolar Planet Orbits



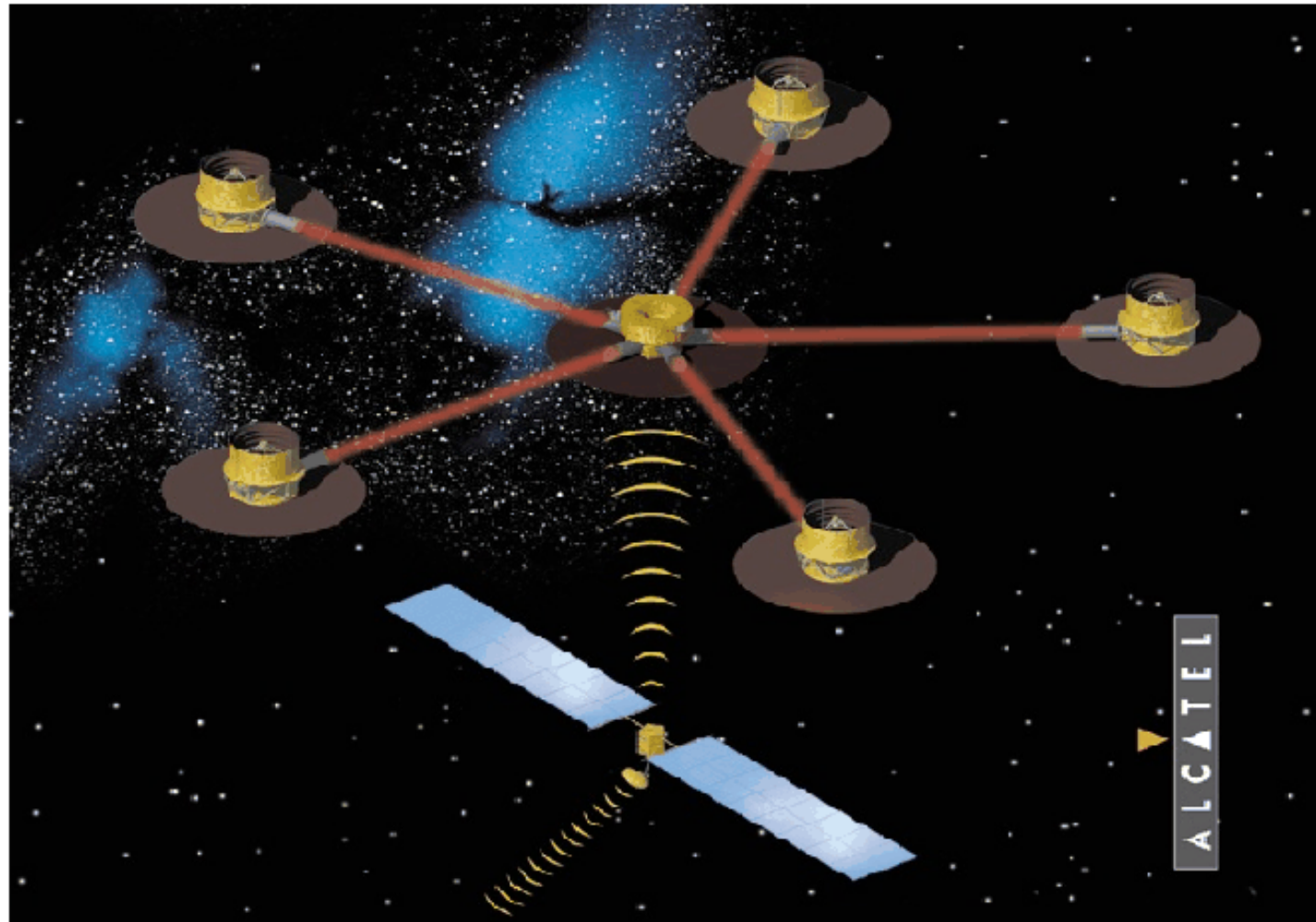
# PLANETS AROUND NORMAL STARS



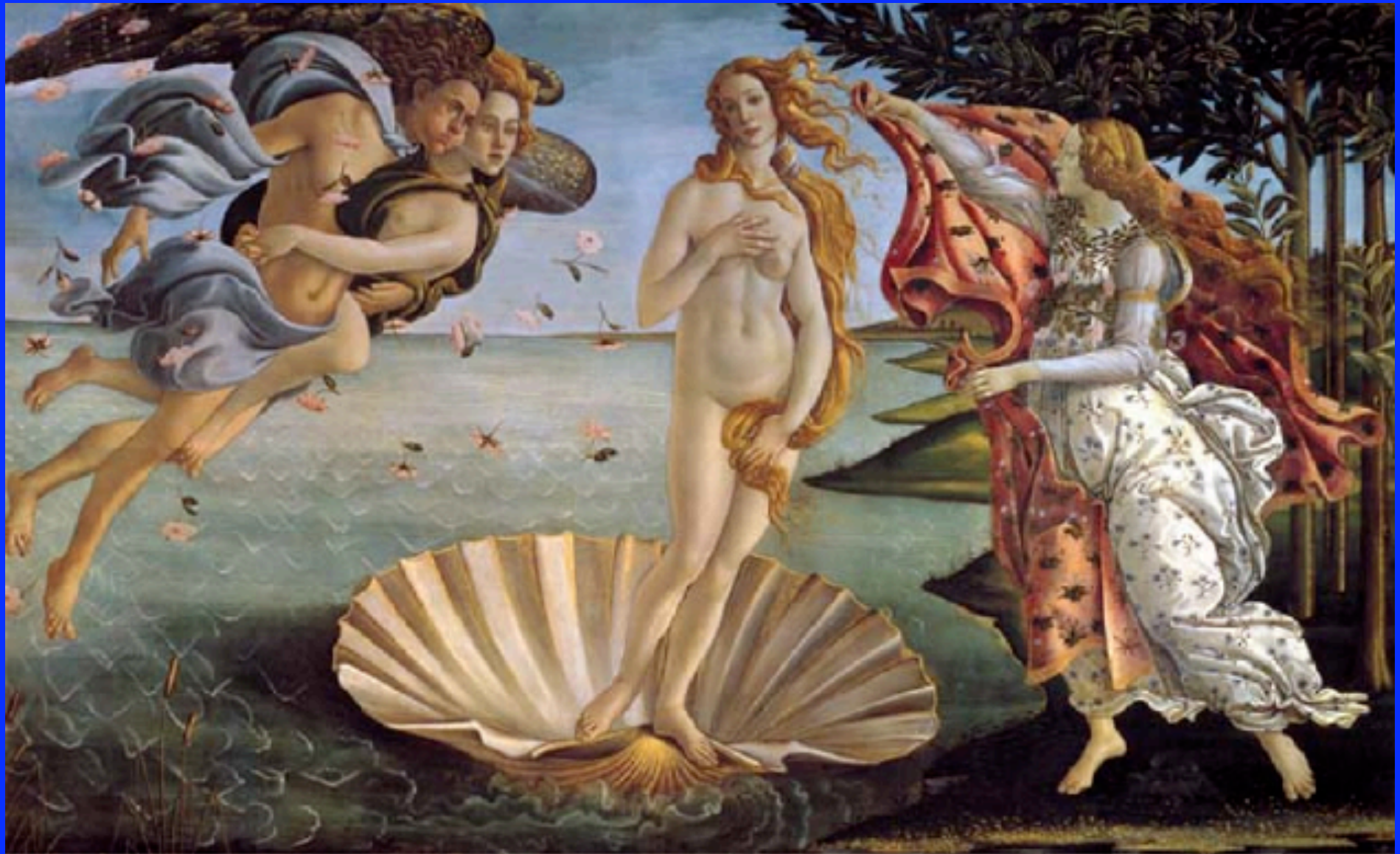




# Alcatel IRSI Free-flyer concept



1998-10-30



*Botticelli, 1484 - La nascita di Venere*